

A R K A N S A S Department of Environmental Quality

July 16, 2012

Trey Lieblong
Environmental Coordinator
Conway Corporation
P.O. Box 99
1307 Prairie Street
Conway, Arkansas 72033

Re:

City of Conway (NPDES #AR0051951; AFIN #2301095) Pretreatment Program Audit/Municipal

Pollution Prevention Assessment

Dear Mr. Lieblong:

Please find enclosed the finished report for the audit/assessment conducted June 19<sup>th</sup> through June 21<sup>st</sup>, 2012. The report should be made available for review by appropriate Conway Corporation and Conway City officials. Discussions and an evaluation should be made concerning the findings. Please respond to the required actions and recommendations in writing within thirty (30) days from the date on this correspondence. Your response should outline the steps and provide a schedule in which the Conway Corporation can reasonably address/correct deficiencies and/or required actions.

Many of the audit/assessment recommendations are meant to aide your Program further achieve the Clean Water Act's (CWA) objectives to eliminate discharge of pollutants to the environment. The National Pretreatment Program is the CWA's compliment helping protect publicly owned treatment works with value added by implementing a Pollution Prevention program. Conway Corporation is at a point to fully integrate pollution prevention into its Pretreatment Program.

It was a pleasure working with you and your Pretreatment staff during the audit and becoming more familiar with the City of Conway, its Pretreatment Program, industries and their Pollution Prevention activities.

Feel free to contact this office with any questions at (501) 682-0625.

Sincerely,

ec:

Allen Gilliam

All Billia

ADEQ State Pretreatment Coordinator

Encl: Audit/Assessment Checklist

Craig Uyeda/Enforcement Branch Manager

Eric Fleming/Inspector Supervisor Rudy Molina/EPA 6WQ-PP

# PRETREATMENT AUDIT REPORT FOR THE CITY OF CONWAY, ARKANSAS NPDES PERMIT #AR0051951

July 11, 2012

#### PREPARED BY:

#### **ALLEN GILLIAM**

#### STATE PRETREATMENT COORDINATOR

ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

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#### LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Pretreatment Program Audit Checklist:

Section I: General Information

Section II: Program Analysis and Profile

Section III: Industrial User File Review

Reportable Noncompliance (RNC) Worksheet

SIU Site Visit Summaries

Attachment(s) A: Supporting Documentation

#### A) INTRODUCTION

Under ADEQ's responsibility to fulfill its obligations for the administration and enforcement of the NPDES Program, audits of pretreatment programs within the state will be part of its coordination and compliance monitoring strategy.

With Pollution Prevention (P2) being integrated into Pretreatment Programs assessments of Cities' P2 projects and programs will be made.

An audit/assessment was performed June 19 through June 21, 2012, of the Pretreatment Program implemented by the City of Conway (Conway Corporation), Arkansas. Participants included:

Allen Gilliam ADEQ / State Pretreatment Coordinator

Trey Lieblong Conway Corp. / Environmental Coordinator

Kenny Beaty Conway Corp. / Lab Supervisor

The goals of the audit/assessment were:

- \* To determine the implementation and compliance status of the City of Conway's Pretreatment Program with the requirements of the General Pretreatment Regulations located in 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 403
- \* To determine the effectiveness of the City of Conway's Pretreatment and P2 Programs in controlling industrial discharges;
- \* To provide assistance and recommendations to the City that might allow for more effective implementation of program requirements and;
- \* To assess the level of additional Pollution Prevention activities implemented within the City's day-to-day Pretreatment procedures and make recommendations thereof.

Conway's Pretreatment Program was originally approved 4/1/84. Conway Corporation implements and enforces the City's Program. "The City" and "Conway Corp. (CC)" may be used interchangeably throughout this report.

Program modifications were submitted 12/7/87. The modification requested revisions to the sewer use ordinance including TTO and O&G limits, surcharge authority and a few other minor language changes. It was sent to public notice, approved and incorporated by reference into their NPDES permits on 6/2/88.

The most recent streamlining modifications were received by this office on 4/18/11. Their Pretreatment Ordinance was approved on 1/23/12 and adopted by the City on 2/28/12. Their Pretreatment Program narrative was submitted on 2/13/12. It did not include a section regarding local limits and remains to be reviewed for recommendations and comments. Several other City Pretreatment Programs were sent to CC's Environmental Coordinator for his review and possible use.

The local limits' section of their Pretreatment Program is awaiting ADEQ's spreadsheet calculations using Conway's site specific data which has been previously submitted.

The Stone Dam Creek POTW currently receives all of the City's significant industrial discharges. Seventeen (17) SIUs constitute approximately 12% of its average flow of 3.5 MGD. Seven (7) of these SIUs are metal finishing (categorical) industries.

Its treatment process consists of equalization, two primary clarifiers, two aeration basins with return activated sludge, two final clarifiers followed by coal and sand filtration, then post aeration (as needed). Chlorine disinfection is followed by de-chlorination before discharge.

An estimated 285 dry metric tons of anaerobically digested and thickened sludge from the secondary digester was land applied during the last year.

The Tucker Creek POTW receives no SIU wastewater. The POTW's average daily flow is 5.1 MGD. Wastewater treatment at this POTW consists of augers with two (2) lagoons consisting of four partial mix aerated cells with additional mechanical aerators currently being added. Sludge is allowed to accumulate in the lagoons.

A third wastewater treatment plant (Tupelo Bayou) is currently under construction. It is estimated it will be complete near the year's end of 2014, if not earlier. Stone Dam Creek's wastewater plant will be decommissioned with its wastewater pumped to Tupelo Bayou. Tucker Creek's POTW may remain in operation for years after Tupelo Bayou become operational. All wastewater flow from the City of Conway will eventually be treated by the Tupelo Bayou POTW and discharged to the Arkansas River.

The audit/assessment consisted of informal discussions with the Conway Corporation's (CC) Pretreatment personnel, examination of industrial user files, pretreatment records and site visits at four (4) of their permitted industrial users. A checklist was utilized to ensure that all facets of the program were evaluated. A copy of the completed checklist is attached. Additional information obtained during the audit is included in Attachment(s) A.

The report is divided into three sections. Section B provides a summary of the significant findings of the audit which will require action by City. Section C includes recommendations to help improve the implementation and enforcement of their Pretreatment and Pollution Prevention Programs. Finally, required program modifications to the City's approved program, including its adopted legal

authorities, are outlined in Section D.

#### B) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS WITH REQUIRED ACTIONS

This section of the report is a summary of deficiencies found in the City's Pretreatment Program. Actions required by the City to comply with the current General Pretreatment Regulations (40 CFR 403) and with the City's approved program will be paraphrased citations of the same. A narrative explanation of the finding will follow.

- 1a) Under the City's current **Pretreatment Ordinance** # 0-12-08, Section 4.2.4(10), "All wastewater discharge applications...must be signed by an Authorized Representative...and contain the certification statement in 4.2.2(2)" [40 CFR 403.6(a)(2)(ii)]
- **1b)** Under the City's old **Pretreatment Ordinance** # **0-02-122, Section 4.2.2(2)** (dated 8/13/02), "All Industrial Wastewater Questionnaires [Applications] must contain the following certification statement [40 CFR 403.6(a)(2)(ii)] and signed by an authorized representative...".

During the file review, neither the certification statement nor the "authorized representative's" signature could be found. See Attachment A-3 for example. CC must enforce this application provision.

2) Under 40 CFR 403.8(f)(2)(v), "Randomly...conduct surveillance activities in order to identify, independent of information supplied by Industrial Users, occasional and continuing noncompliance with Pretreatment Standards. Inspect and sample the effluent from each Significant Industrial User at least once a year"

During the file review the IU inspection template was adequate, but questions were mostly answered by checking a "yes" or "no" box. Some answers referred to, "See Attached" when there was nothing attached. See Attachment A-4 for example.

The inspection reports should be more narratively detailed (utilizing what is required from the IUs' applications mentioned above and the fact sheets that will be mentioned in the Recommended Actions' Section of this Audit). Once a comprehensive inspection is on file, it can be used as a template for future ones. Upon commencement of an inspection, one of the first questions to be asked should be, "Has there been any process, raw material, etc. changes since the last inspection?"

A section should be included with questions asking about the IU's Pollution Prevention and best management practices. Some of CC's metal finishers are practicing state of the art P2 activities.

Remarks during the Audit made to the CC's Pretreatment reps. were that if all of this Audit's checklist items (See Checklist Section III, D.9.a. through D.9.q.) could be "checked off" as narratively described in the inspection itself, he could feel fairly comfortable that a comprehensive

inspection had been conducted. Once the City is comfortable they have a comprehensive inspection, it could be formally typed up, electronically filed and used as the template for subsequent inspections without having to spend time re-writing what is already on file.

The City inspector's as well as the industry representative's signature should also be included on all inspections.

- *3a)* Under the City's old *Pretreatment Ordinance* # *0-02-122, Section 4.2.6*, "The User shall apply for a permit re-issuance a minimum of a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of the user's existing permit". This language is the same in the City's current Pretreatment Ordinance, Section 4.2.9.
- **3b)** Standard permit language (See Attachment A-2g) states, "The permittee must reapply for reissuance of the permit at least 180 days prior to the expiration date".

This language must be corrected to reflect what is now included in the City's current Pretreatment Ordinance for permit re-issuance.

It was discovered during the file review that permit applications (at least for the four [4] reviewed) were received closer to thirty (30) days prior to their permit expiration date. See Attachment A-3 for example. Only a "received date" stamp was found on the application.

The City must enforce the application time requirements.

*3c)* CC's Environmental Coordinator indicated the SIU permits were standardized template-wise as far as Reporting requirements and Standard Conditions. The four (4) files reviewed during this permit indicated the IU's "...permit comes due for review on 1/1/12. The permittee must reapply for re-issuance of the permit at least 180 days prior to the expiration date." See Attachment A-2g, #13 for example.

The City must correct this provision to coincide with the current Pretreatment Ordinance's requirements.

# C) RECOMMENDED POTW ACTIONS FOR IMPROVED IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PRETREATMENT AND POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAMS

1) Recommend issuing Conway's landfill leachate a permit. This source of wastewater could be a significant source of toxic pollutants. It is recommended to require them to initially provide a full

priority pollutant scan (40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Tables II & III) to ascertain which parameters may need closer scrutiny. There may be pollutants found where "report only" should be placed into their requirements to determine which, if any, pollutants need to be included in the local limits (if necessary) allocation scheme.

- 2) Conway Corp. should send the permitted industries their old schematics, narrative process description and the City's fact sheets developed for them and, ask the industry representatives to *comprehensively* review, update and revise to reflect its current operations and process/pretreatment equipment layout AND wastewater flow to the final discharge/sampling point. A revision date should also be noted on the documents.
- 3a) Under 40 CFR 403.8(f)(1)(B)(3), "...individual...control mechanisms must be enforceable and contain, at a minimum, the following conditions: (3) Effluent limits...categorical Pretreatment Standards, local limits...".
- 3b) During the file review of four (4) of the City's Metal Finishers, their limitations page did not include footnotes or any rationale for inclusion of local limits.

Footnotes should be included on the limitations page denoting what the parameters are based on. The "current" local limits' rationale could not be produced, but this Auditor recognized them as pre-1989 ADPC&E "guidance" local limits. CC's metal finishing "local limits" could be footnoted as "based on pre-1989 ADPC&E guidance local limits" to better explain their basis.

- 3c) During the file review of the four (4) of the City's Meal Finishers, footnotes on their monitoring page for TTOs did not match the parameters they were supposed to. This led to some confusion since these footnotes applied to BOD, TSS and O&G. It is recommended to revise this page.
- 4) Conway Corp. should complete their IU fact sheets. See Attachment A-5 for current example. While the template is adequate, they were lacking some pertinent information. Other items that should be included in the fact sheets are: the date of the industry's first discharge; compliance history; a picture and narrative describing the sampling point; rationale for permit limits and type/frequency (if batch) of each wastewater source discharge. These fact sheets should also be dated as to when they were last updated.

CC's Environmental Coordinator was previously sent a good example of another city's fact sheet. See also EPA's "Industrial User Permitting Guidance Manual" (9/89), Appendix I at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/owm0017.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/owm0017.pdf</a> for more information that may be considered in a more comprehensive fact sheet.

5) It was determined during the Audit approximately 275 industry/non-domestic user notifications were recently sent out requesting information regarding toxic/hazardous waste on-site and/or disposal methods. CC's Environmental Coordinator also indicated any new business connections or plumbing modifications have to be routed through his office for review and possible follow-up

investigation.

Under 40 CFR 403.8(f)(2)(i), "[CC] shall identify and locate all possible Industrial Users which might be subject to the POTW Pretreatment Program. Any compilation, index or inventory of Industrial Users made under this paragraph shall be made available to the Regional Administrator or Director upon request;

This "compilation" could not be produced during the Audit. A multitude of folders was offered. It is recommended CC summarize the results of the above mentioned "survey" and digest the pertinent information received for review upon request. See Chapter 2 of EPA's "Guidance Manual for POTW Pretreatment Program Development" and its tables at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/owm0003.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/owm0003.pdf</a> for more information regarding this master/summary list.

- 6) Recommend including the general and specific prohibitions [40 CFR 403.5(a)(1) and 403.5(b)] in the septage haulers' permits. See Attachment A-1 for CC's current "permit" to their waste haulers.
- 7) Recommend clarifying what is expected of the "grab method" in CC's IU permits (Attachment A-2b, footnote \*2). Does this mean a series of equally (time) spaced grab samples over the discharge period or is it just one grab sample?
- 8) Recommend clarifying what is expected of "composite samples" (see Attachment A-2b, footnote \*3). CC's Environmental Coordinator indicated all "composites" were timed. This should be better explained in the permits in case a permitted industry decided to take its own "composite sample" and mistakenly uses a flow proportioned composite.
- 9) Recommend developing a Program section for standard operating procedures (SOP) for the various day-to-day Pretreatment Program implementation activities. Sampling techniques at individual IUs, incoming data management, "date received" stamp pretreatment correspondence, filing procedures of Pretreatment reports and data (hard copies and/;or entered into Linko's database), pre-inspection procedures, etc., may be well known to the more experienced pretreatment related employees, but it would make sense to have these activities briefly summarized in writing for ease of educating new employees.

This SOP should also include sampling protocols for each permitted IU with proper equipment preparation, hose usage/change-out period and storage after use. See EPA's "IU Inspection and Sampling Manual for POTWs" dated 4/94 for more details.

- 10) Recommend revising the existing Enforcement Response Plan to include "Pollution Prevention Audits by a qualified Professional Engineer and implementation of recommendations thereof". This would add another enforcement option to choose from.
- 11) Pollution Prevention (P2) and Best Management Practice (BMP) questions should be included

as a section in the applications as well as the IU survey questionnaires.

- 12) Recommend hosting/catering an annual Industry Awards/Information Day, Luncheon or something similar. This should help the industries realize their stakeholders' role in the City's Pretreatment and Pollution Prevention programs. This is being conducted at numerous Pretreatment cities throughout the state and is received with appreciation by the industries. Much information can be shared at meetings such as this.
- 13) As a public service, articles could be sent to the local newspaper to provide further outreach to the public at large. Topics from grease, pharmaceuticals, wastewater plant and collection system information would help the general public be more aware of what part they can play in protecting its investment in the publicly owned treatment plants.

# D) REQUIRED PROGRAM MODIFICATIONS TO THE APPROVED PRETREATMENT PROGRAM NECESSARY TO BRING THE PROGRAM INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THE LETTER OR INTENT OF THE CURRENT REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The City's Pretreatment Program and its required modifications have been submitted and are currently pending review and comments from ADEQ's Pretreatment personnel. As mentioned previously, their Pretreatment Ordinance has been approved and adopted.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Conway Corporation should consider the required actions and recommendations contained in this audit/assessment before finalizing any pretreatment program modifications. Any intended substantial program/ordinance changes made, whether in response to the recommendations or otherwise, should be submitted to ADEQ for review and approval.

## PRETREATMENT AUDIT CHECKLIST

## (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT)

Section I:	General Information	Pages 1-8
Section II:	Pretreatment Program Analysis	Pages 9-19
Section III:	Industrial User File Evaluation	Pages 20-27

	SEC	TION I: GENERAI	LINFORMATION
A. GENERAL INFO	RMATION		
Mailing address	P	Conway Corporation O. Box 99, Conway, AR 7 radley Titl	
Telephone: 501.	548.3026	FAX NUMBER: 50	1.450.6061
Pretreatment Co Address:	548.3040	same	rironmental Coordinator
Dates of approv Month Annual Pr	al of any etreatment	Report Due: April	s: (see footnote on next page)  of Audit: 6/19 - 21/12  (ASSESSMENT)
NAME		TITLE/AFFILIATION	PHONE NUMBER
Allen Gilliam	State	Pret. Coordinator / ADE	SQ 501.682.0625
Control Authori	ty represe	ntative(s):	
NAME		TITLE	PHONE NUMBER
*Trey Lieblong Kenny Beaty	Ţ	Environmental Coordinat	or Same 548.3074
* Identifies Pro	gram Conta	ct	
Dates	of Previo	us PCIs/Audits:	
TYPE PCI	DATE 5/5/10		CIES NOTED

<u>YES</u>	NO_			
	<u> </u>	✓ Is the Control Authority currently operating under any pretreatment related consent decree, Administrative Order, compliance or enforcement action?		
		If yes, describe the required corrective action:		
	_	Is the Control Authority currently in SNC or RNC?		

Conway Corporation's "Streamlining" submittal for revisions to their Pretreatment Ordinance was received 1/18/08. No other program elements that need revision was sent.

Their previously submitted Program modifications (submitted piecemeal from ~93 to 2002) were never fully reviewed/approved/sent to public notice nor incorporated into their NPDES permits.

The City's final "Streamlined" Pretreatment Ordinance was submitted (12/1/11), approved on 1/23/12 and adopted on 2/28/12.

Their Pretreatment Program narrative was submitted on 2/13/12. It did not include a section regarding local limits and remains to be reviewed for recommendations and comments. Some other City Pretreatment Programs were sent to him for his review and possible use.

The local limits' section of their Pretreatment Program is awaiting ADEQ's spreadsheet calculations using Conway's site specific data which has previously submitted.

#### B. TREATMENT PLANT INFORMATION

1. THIS PRETREATMENT PROGRAM COVERS THE FOLLOWING NPDES PERMITS/TREATMENT PLANT
NPDES         Effective         Expiration           Permit No.         Name of Treatment Plant         Date         Date           *AR0051951         Tupelo Bayou (under construction)         2/1/12         1/31/17           AR0033359         Stone Dam Creek         11/1/09         10/31/14           AR0047279         Tucker Creek         2/1/12         1/31/17
*AR0051951 Tupelo Bayou (under construction) 2/1/12 1/31/17
AR0033359 Stone Dam Creek 11/1/09 10/31/14
ARUU4/2/9 TUCKET CTEEK 2/1/12 1/31/17  *Indicates the permit number/treatment plant under which the Pretreatment Program is tracked •
materia de permit number/desonent plant dider witch die Fredeautent Frogram is datated •
Individual Treatment Plant Information
a. Name of Treatment Plant: <u>Tupelo Bayou (under construction)</u> Location Address: <u>1405 Lollie Road</u>
Expiration Date of NPDES Permit: same
Treatment Plant Wastewater Flow: Design- <u>16</u> MGD; Actual (Avg)- <u>N/A</u> MGD
Sewer System: 100 % Separate; SSOs due to grease blockages N/A
Industrial Contribution to this Treatment Plant
# of SIUs: <u>N/A</u> # of CIUs: <u>N/A</u> Industrial Flow (mgd): <u>N/A</u> Industrial Flow (%) : <u>N/A</u> %
<u>Level of Treatment</u> <u>Type of Process(es) (from permit):</u>
Primary Bar screen; grit removal; RAS (primary clarification
Secondary aeration basin & final clarification); gravity
Tertiary sludge thickening; primary & secondary digester
Method of Disinfection: UV
Dechlorination YES NO
Effluent Discharge
Receiving Stream Name: Arkansas River Receiving Stream Classification: Segment 3F of the Arkansas River Receiving Stream Use: primary/secondary contact; fishable/swimmable; propagation of species of desirable fish; raw water source (public and private); industrial & agricultural water supplies
If effluent is disposed of to any location other than the receiving stream, please note: $\frac{n/a}{}$
Method of Sludge Disposal: N/A Quantity of Sludge:  Land Application dry metric tons/yr.  Incineration dry tons/yr.  Monofill dry tons/yr.  Mun. Solid Waste Landfill dry tons/yr.  Public Distribution dry tons/yr.  Lagoon Storage dry tons/yr.  Other (specify) dry tons/yr.
List of toxic pollutant in its in NPDES permit: conventionals. T. Phos. &

Nitrate + Nitrite Nitrogen

a. (continuation of individual treatment plant information for	
Tupelo Bayou Treatment Plant.)	
YES NO Does the Control Authority hold a sludge permit or has the NPDES permit been modified to include sludge use and disposal requirements? If yes, specify the following:	
Issuing Authority: N/A  Issuance Date: Expiration Date:  List pollutants that are specified in current sludge permit: "Sewage sludge from treatment works treating domestic sewage (TWTDS) must meet the applicable provisions of 40 CFR Part 503"	_
YES NO N/A  Has the Control Authority submitted results of whole effluent  biological toxicity testing.  Has there been a pattern of toxicity demonstrated by effluent toxicity testing? If yes, explain what has been or is being don about it. (eg. Is there an ongoing TRE?) N/A	ıe
How many times were the following monitored during the past pretreatment year	?
Influent Effluent Sludge Ambient	
Metals *     0     0     0     0       Priority **     0     0     0     0       Biomonitoring TCLP Other:     0     0     0     0       * As identified at 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Table III, ** As identifi	endi:
Summarize any trends over the last five years regarding pollutant (influent, effluent and sludge) loadings. Have they increased, decreased, or stayed the same. Evaluate for each parameter measured.  W.W. treatment plant is under construction	
YES NO N/A	
Has the POTW begun tracking the trends in the above samples?	
Has the POTW violated its NPDES Permit either for effluent limit sludge over the last 12 months?	s or
If yes, List the NPDES effluent and sludge limits violated and t suspected cause(s)	he
Parameters Violated Cause(s)	
N/A	
YES NO Has the treatment plant sludge violated the TCLP Test?	

2.	Individual Treatment Plant Information		
a.	. Name of Treatment Plant: Stone Dam Creek Location Address: 900 Stanley Russ Road		
	Expiration Date of NPDES Permit: same		
	Treatment Plant Wastewater Flow: Design- 6 MGD; Actual (Average)-3.53 MGD		
	Sewer System: 100 % Separate; SSOs due to grease blockages 0		
	Industrial Contribution to this Treatment Plant		
	# of SIUs: # of CIUs:		
	Industrial Flow (mgd): 0.43 Industrial Flow (%): 12.1 %		
	<u>Level of Treatment</u> <u>Type of Process(es):</u>		
	Primary		
	Secondary / sand; sludge thickeners; post aeration (as needed)		
	Method of Disinfection:chlorination		
	Dechlorination/ YES NO		
	Effluent Discharge		
	Receiving Stream Name: Stone Dam Creek to Lake Conway Receiving Stream Classification: Segment 3F of the Arkansas River Receiving Stream Use: secondary contact recreaton; raw water source for domestic; industrial and ag. supplies; propagation of desirable species of fish and other aquatic life		
	If effluent is disposed of to any location other than the receiving stream, please note: $\frac{n/a}{}$		
	Method of Sludge Disposal:		

List of toxic pollutant in its in NPDES permit: conventionals, TRC, NH3-N,

TP, Cu & Zn

a. (continuation of individual treatment plant information for
Stone Dam Creek Treatment Plant.)
YES NO Does the Control Authority hold a sludge permit or has the NPDES permit been modified to include sludge use and disposal requirements? If yes, specify the following:
Issuing Authority: ADEQ (4853-WR-2)  Effective Date: 6/1/12  Expiration Date: 5/31/17  List pollutants that are specified in current sludge permit:  CFR 503 parameters and requirements
YES NO N/A  Has the Control Authority submitted results of whole effluent  biological toxicity testing.
& Has there been a pattern of toxicity demonstrated by effluent toxicity testing? If yes, explain what has been or is being done about it. (eg. Is there an ongoing TRE?) There has been lethality shown to the water flea on 9/11 and sub-lethal effects to the water flea on 9/11,
1/12 and 2/12. Retests passed and there is no TRE in affect.
How many times were the following monitored during the past pretreatment year?
<u> Influent</u> <u>Effluent</u> <u>Sludge</u> <u>Ambient</u>
Metals *     12     12     12     0       Priority **     1     1     0     0       Biomonitoring     0     6     0     0       TCLP     0     0     1     0       Other:     0     0     1     0
* As identified at 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Table III, ** As identified at 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Table II
Summarize any trends over the last five years regarding pollutant (influent, effluent and sludge) loadings. Have they increased, decreased, or stayed the same. Evaluate for each parameter measured.  "Remained the same"
YES NO N/A
Has the POTW begun tracking the trends in the above samples?
Has the POTW violated its NPDES Permit either for effluent limits or sludge over the last 12 months?
If yes, List the NPDES effluent and sludge limits violated and the suspected cause(s)
Parameters Violated Cause(s)
pH on 3/31/12 & 4/30/11 Rain event TRC on 10/31/11 Maintenance error
YES NO Has the treatment plant sludge violated the TCLP Test?

3.	Individual Treatment Plant Information			
a.	. Name of Treatment Plant:			
	Location Address:1001 Sherwood Drive			
	Treatment Plant Wastewater Flow: Design-6.4 MGD; Actual (Average) - 5.1 MGD			
	Sewer System: 100 % Separate; SSOs due to grease blockages: 0			
	Industrial Contribution to this Treatment Plant			
	# of SIUs: 0 # of CIUs: 0 Industrial Flow(%): 0 %			
	<u>Level of Treatment</u> <u>Type of Process(es):</u>			
	Primary / augers; screening; degritting; a multi-			
	Secondary cell partial mix aerated lagoon			
	Tertiary			
	Method of Disinfection: chlorination			
	Dechlorination YES NO			
	Effluent Discharge			
	Receiving Stream Name: Arkansas River			
	Receiving Stream Classification: Segment 3F of the Arkansas River			
	Receiving Stream Use: <u>primary/secondary contact recreation, raw water</u> source for domestic, industrial and ag. water supplies propagation of desirable species of fish			
	If effluent is disposed of to any location other than the receiving stream, please note:	,		
	Method of Sludge Disposal: Quantity of Sludge:			
	Land Application 0 dry tons/yr.  Incineration dry tons/yr.  Monofill dry tons/yr.  Mun. Solid Waste Landfill dry tons/yr.  Public Distribution dry tons/yr.  Lagoon Storage dry tons/yr.  Other (specify) dry tons/yr.			

List of toxic pollutant in its in NPDES permit: conventionals & TRC

a. (continuation of individual treatment plant information forTucker Creek Treatment Plant.)
YES NO Does the Control Authority hold a sludge permit or has the NPDES permit been modified to include sludge use and disposal requirements? If yes, specify the following:
Issuing Authority: N/A  Issuance Date: N/A  Expiration Date: N/A  List pollutants that are specified in current sludge permit:  Reference to 503 requirements in their NPDES boilerplate language
YES NO N/A  Has the Control Authority submitted results of whole effluent  biological toxicity testing.
Has there been a pattern of toxicity demonstrated by effluent toxicity testing? If yes, explain what has been or is being done about it. (eg. Is there an ongoing TRE?)  Lethal and sub-lethal affect were shown on the fathead minnow on 7/11 and sublethal affects on the water flea on 12/09. Retests passed. NO TRE.
How many times were the following monitored during the past pretreatment year?
Influent Effluent Sludge Ambient
Metals *     12     12     0     0       Priority **     1     1     0     0       Biomonitoring     0     4     0     0       TCLP     0     0     0     0       Other:     0     0     0
*As identified at 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Table III, **As identified at 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Table II
Summarize any trends over the last five years regarding pollutant (influent, effluent and sludge) loadings. Have they increased, decreased, or stayed the same. Evaluate for each parameter measured.  "Remained the same."
YES NO N/A
Has the POTW begun tracking the trends in the above samples?
Has the POTW violated it's NPDES Permit either for effluent limits or sludge over the last 12 months?
If yes, List the NPDES effluent and sludge limits violated and the suspected cause(s)
Parameters Violated Cause(s)
12 BOD, from 5/11 - 3/12 Excess loading and/or algae FCB on 5/31/11 & 6/30/11 Low pH
$\frac{\text{YES}}{\text{MO}}$ Has the treatment plant sludge violated the TCLP Test?

c.	Control Author	ority Pretreatment Pr	ogram Modification [	403.18]
<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>			
	Has pub ordinar [403.5	ce and/or local limi	icited during revisi ts since the last pr	ons to the Sewer use ogram modification?
	pretres If yes, See	atment program compor identify below. footnote on second p	cations been made or ents since the last age of this audit ch incorporated into cu	requested to any audit? ecklist. Final approval has rrent NPDES permit(s).
	1. Modificat	ions:		Date
	Date Approved	Ordinance Citati	on/	Incorporated in NPDES
	by ADEQ	Nature of Modifi Streamlined Ord		Permit
		Streamined Ord	. Mods only.	
	2. Modificat	cions in Progress:		
	Date Requeste		Nature of Modifica	
	4/01	Streamlining 4/11 (Ord. on	revisions were rece v). A somewhat forma	ived by this office on larguest is in their file
		referencing th	eir ERP, Ordinance a vision from the City	nd MAHLs although there's
YES	NO	another 1999 16	VIBION FROM the City	dated 5/02.
		changes been made to ag) any listed above)	any pretreatment pr ? If yes:	ogram components
<u> </u>	changes?	ontrol Authority not: (e.g., Modified forms and attach the modif	, procedures, legal	thority of all program authorities). If no,
D.	Legal Authori	ty [403.8(f)(1)]		
	Date of most Date of most	recent Ordinance apprecent Pretreatment rol Authority's lega	gram approval: 4/1/roved by ADEQ: 1/23/Program modification l authority enable i	12 approval:6/2/88
	YES NO			
	-/- F	lequire compliance so	th standards rough permit or simi hedules and IU repor and monitoring activ oncompliance iality requirements	ts
YES	NO Has the	city developed and	adopted a Pollution	Prevention policy?
			experienced difficult es, identify reason:	y in implementing the
		No oversight authori No inspection author No remedies for none No "equivalent" star No clear delineation Interjurisdictional Other, Specify:	ty ity ompliance dard of responsibility for agreements not enter	or program implementation ed into

VES	NO				
<u>/</u>		Are all industrial the Control Authori	users located within the	he jurisdictio	nal boundaries of
n	ı/ <u>a</u> eı jur:	Has the Control Aut asure that pretreatm isdictions?	hority negotiated all lent standards will be e	legal agreemen enforced in co	ts necessary to ntributing
n	1/ <u>a</u>	Have provisions been (P2) policies by con	n made for the incorpor tributing jurisdiction	ration of Polls	ution Prevention
			contributing jurisdicti multijurisdictional agr		
1		e of Jurisdiction n/a	Number of CIUs	Number of Other SIUs	Type of Agreement
	If are	celying on activities performed by jurisd	s of contributing juris ictions and describe an Problems	ny problems in	icate which activities their implementation.
	Updat	ing industrial wast	e surveyN/A		
		ication of IUs			
		t issuance	reports		
		ection and sampling			
	Asses	ssment of IUs for P'			
	activ	-			
		vsis of samples			
		:	<del></del>		
			-		
Brie	fly de	escribe other problem	ms:		
	sluc	lge contamination, p	ave caused problems of roblems in the collecti		
	said	ety in the past 12 mo	onths:		NPDES Permit
					Violation
		Name	Problem		Yes No
	1	I/A			
E.	Indi	strial User Characto	erization [403.8(f)(2)(	(i)1	
<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	Has the Control A	thority (CA) updated i	ts Industrial	Waste Survey (IWS) to
1			strial Users (IUs) or o [403.8(f)(2)(i)] "every		
			ing department". In '09		
		_			
			te generators, dentists sting information on wh		
		If yes, while cond for the possibility	ducting the IWS, was eaty of incorporating P' a	ach potential I	IU evaluated by the CA
		Industrial Waste 8	Authority have written Burvey (IWS) to identif ater discharges at exis	y new Industri	ial Users (IUs) cr
		potential new IUs	itten procedures includ to incorporate P activ ls to the IUs which qua	vity and the d	
		rererence materia.	TE TO THE TOR MUTCH CARS	TTTAL	

		What methods ar	e used to update the IWS:	
		Review of newspaper/phone book Review of plumbing/building permits Review of water billing records Permit reapplication requirements Onsite inspections Citizen involvement Other (specify) any new business connections are sent thru Pret. How often is the survey to be updated? Ongoing  Are there any problems that the Control Authority has in identifying and categorizing SIUs: none apparent		
<u>YES</u>	NO			
	H	ave any new SIUs	s been identified within the last 12	months? If yes: Is the IU
		e of IU A	Type of Industry	Permitted?
How a group a. b. c. d.	ps:	SIUs (As defin Categorical In Noncategorical	d nonsignificant IUs (Describe) sept	sius]
YES	H	*Not documented s the Control Au ame as EPA's? [4	ntified any IUs with Pollution Prever by City Corp., but some of their SIU athority's definition of "significant 03.3(t)(1)(i-ii)] authority has defined "significant in	s have P2 practices. industrial user" the
F.	Contro	ol Mechanism Eva	luation [403.8(f)(1)(iii)]	
YES ✓	NO	Pollution Preve	Authority asked for Best Management	mit application?
		rmits	Authority's approved control mechani	sm (e.g., permit, etc.)
	What	is the maximum t	erm of the control mechanism? _ 5 ye	ears
	rol mech	hanism? [WENDBs	not covered by an existing, unexpire-NOCM] If there are any SIUs without the information below:	current (unexpired)
	(Poten	ntiaal)	EX	PERMIT (PIRATION
	SIU 1	•		DATE
	City	landfill pumps	their leachate into a main pump stat	ion
	(PAGOT	mmend nermitting	•1	

YES ✓*	Does the Control Authority accept trucked septage wastes?  Does the Control Authority accept other trucked wastes?  Does the Control Authority have a control mechanism for regulating trucked wastes? *See Attch. A-1 If yes, answer the following:
	YES NO
	_✓ Does Control Mechanism designate a discharge point? [403.5(b)(8)]
	n/a_ Are all applicable categorical standards
	and local limits applied to trucked wastes?
	List all pollutants and applicable limits, other than local limits and categorical standards, that are applied to waste haulers:
	Pollutant Limit
	References Pretreatment Ord. conditions
	Describe the discharge point(s) (including security procedures):  "Manhole in front of lift station at Stone Dam and will be witnessed by
	Conway Corp. personnel " although not stated in permit
YES	NO
	Does the Control Authority accept Underground Storage Tank (UST) cleanup wastes?
	n/a Does the Control Authority have a control mechanism for regulating wastes from UST sites?
	List all pollutants and applicable limits, other than local limits and categorical standards, that are applied to UST cleanup sites:
	Political Plus
	Pollutant Limit n/a
G.	Application of Pretreatment Standards and Requirements
YES	NO
	Has the POTW notified the IUs of their potential requirement to report hazardous wastes to EPA, the State, and the POTW?
	2/09 Date Notified Letter Method of Notification
_	
	How does the Control Authority keep abreast of current regulations to ensure proper implementation of standards?
	Federal Register
	✓ Meetings, Training ✓ Other EPA & ADEQ websites
	✓ Government Agencies ✓ Other internet
YES	NO.
<u>√*</u>	NO Is the Control Authority in the process of making any changes to its local limits or have limits changed since the last PCI, Audit, or Annual Report?
	If yes, complete the information below:
	Pollutant Old New Reason
_	Changed Limit Limit for Change

YES NO	Has for 403	all req 8(f)(4)	uired p	pollutar	nts lis	ted belo	w? [WEN	ed the nee	[403.5(c	)(1);	
			e belo		tants w			ation/bas ts have h			
		Analy Comple		Limi Need	led?	Limits Adopte **In per	d?		(5/02) 2 Ord. T		
		Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	(1b/d	lay) / (m	<u>g/l)</u>	
Arsenic (Cadmium (Chromium-Copper (CCyanide (Lead (Pb)Mercury (Molybdenu Nickel (NSelenium Silver (AC)	Cd) Total Tu) (CN) (Hg) im (Mo) Hi) (Se)	*			?	/** /** / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		0.13 16.45 1.61 0.45 0.27	/ 1.0 / 2.5 / 1.0 / 0.69 36 / 0.05 / / 1.5 / 0.4 / 0.5	<u> </u>	
yes <u>no</u>	requ	the Con	trol Au	uthority	v ident echnic	ified po	- llutant luated	s of conc the need on:	ern othe		
		Headw Analy Comple	sis		cal nits eded?	Local Limits Adopte		Numeri			
POLLUTANT	•	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	(mg/l	Adopted )		
n/a											
Where it identifie							s need	to have l	imits, h	as the	POTW
What meth limit in-		llocati	on was	used fo	r loca	l limits	for ea	ch pollut	ant that	has a	local
		,	Uniform		E OF A	LLOCATIO	N				

TIPE OF ADDOCATION			
Uniform			
<u>Concentration</u>	<u> Mass</u>	Hybrid	
<del></del>			
<del></del>			
	-		
	Uniform	Uniform	

Limits currently being imposed for three (3) of the pollutants appear to be uniform concentration based.

If there is more than one treatment plant, were the local limits established
specifically for each plant or were local limits applied uniformly to all plants?
Tucker creek only receives domestic, but Stone Dam Creek's would apply. The
Tupelo Bayou w.w. treatment plant is due for completion in less than 2 yrs which
will eliminate the need for Stone Dam and the Tucker Creek POTWs.

#### H. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

Compliance Monitoring and Inspection Requirements:

Program Aspect		Federal Requirement	Explain Difference	
Inspections: CIUs Other SIUs	<u>1</u>	1/year 1/year	n/a	
Sampling: CIUs Other SIUs	12 4	1/year 1/year	always been done this way	
Reporting: City CIUs Other SIUs	does monitoring	2/year 2/year		
Self-Monitoring: CIUs Other SIUs	City does moni	toring 2/year 2/year		
# % Hov	many and what (refer to p.1	_		
0	sampled at lea	st once in t	the past reporting	g year?
0	inspected at 1	east once in	the past Pretre	atment reporting year?
0	inspected and [WENDB-NOIN]-[			the past reporting year ?

Attach the names of SIUs that were not sampled and/or not inspected within the last Pretreatment reporting year. Include an explanation next to each name as to why it was not sampled and/or not inspected. N/A

Does the Control Authority routinely split samples with industrial personnel:

YES NO

\_\_\_\_ If requested?
\_\_\_\_ N/A\_\_\_ To verify IU self-monitoring results?

Provide the following information regarding pollutant analyses done by the POTW:

	Analytical Method *	Name of Laboratory
Metals	ICP/MS	American Interplex
Cyanide	spectrophotometric	11
Organics	GC/MS	"
Other	BOD, TSS, COD	POTW
	Biomonitoring	A.I.

Were all wastewater samples analyzed by 40 CFR 136 methods? Yes

<sup>\*</sup> Enter the type of Analytical Method used for each group of pollutants. (eg. AA-flame, AA-furnace, GC, GC/MS, ICP, etc.

YES	NO	
<u> </u>		Does the POTW use QA/QC for sampling and analysis? If yes, describe:  POTW relies on the ADEQ's certification program for contract labs and EPA's blind performance tests.
		How much time normally elapses between sample collection and obtaining analytical results for:  5 days Conventionals 1 week Metals 7-10 days Organics
	<u> </u>	Is there an established protocol clearly detailing sampling location and procedures? nothing in written detail
		Has the Control Authority had any problems performing compliance monitoring?  If yes, explain:
		Does the Control Authority use the following methods for compliance monitoring?
		YES NO
		Scheduled compliance monitoring Unscheduled compliance monitoring Demand monitoring for IU compliance IU self-monitoring Other:
YES	NO	
		Has the Control Authority identified any violation of the prohibited discharge standards in the last reporting year ? If yes, describe below:
ı.	EN	NFORCEMENT
<u>/*</u>		Is the Control Authority definition of SNC consistent with EPA's? [403.8(f)(2)(vii)] *Recently adopted streamlined ordinance does.
		Does the Control Authority have a written enforcement response plan? [403.8(f)(5)]. If yes, does the plan:
		YES NO
		<pre></pre>
	Ch ev	neck those compliance/enforcement options that are available to the POTW in the vent of IU noncompliance: [403.8(f)(1)(vi)]
		✓ Notice or letter of violation ✓ Setting of compliance schedule ✓ Injunctive relief ✓ Fines (maximum amount):
		civil \$ \frac{1000}{000} \rangle \day/\text{violation} \\ \text{criminal} \text{\$ \frac{1000}{000} \rangle \day/\text{violation} \\ \text{administrative} \text{\$ \frac{1000}{000} \rangle \day/\text{violation} \end{ady/\text{violation}} \end{ady/\text{violation}}
	_	Imprisonment Termination of Service Other:

		escribe any problems the Control Authority has experienced in  mplementing or enforcing its pretreatment program:none_apparent
	_	
<u>YES</u>	NO	
		When violations occur, does the Control Authority routinely notify SIUs and escalate enforcement responses if violations continue? [403.8(f)(5)]
_	<u> </u>	Are SIUs required to notify the Control Authority within 24 hours of becoming aware of a violation and to conduct additional monitoring within 30 days after the violation is identified? [403.12(g)(2)]. Comment:
		If no, does the Control Authority conduct all of the monitoring?
YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
		Does the pattern of enforcement conform to the Enforcement Response Plan?
	C	omplete the following table for SIUs identified as SNC.
SIU Name		Date First Identified Enforcement Action Return to Compliance? <u>in SNC Type Date Yes (Date) No</u>
None	e	
Indi	cate ompli	the number and percent of SIUs that were identified as being in significant ance during the past Pretreatment reporting period:
#		<u>&amp;</u>
0 0 0 0		Pretreatment Standards [WENDB-PSNC] (Local Limits/Categorical Standards) Self-monitoring requirements [WENDB-MSNC] Reporting requirements [WENDB-PSNC] Pretreatment compliance schedule [WENDB-SSNC] How many SIUs that are currently in SNC with self-monitoring and were not inspected or sampled? [WENDB-SNIN]
YES	NO ✓	Does the ERP provide for any Pollution Prevention activities as corrective actions? If so, give some examples.
		Has the Control Authority experienced any of the following:
<u>YES</u>	NO	EXPLAIN and ID Industrial User
<u>=</u>	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	Interference [WENDB]. Pass through [WENDB]. Fire or explosions? (incl. flash point viol.) Corrosive structural damage? (incl. pH <5.0). Flow obstructions? Excessive flow or pollutant concentrations? Heat problems?
_ _	<u>/</u>	Interference due to oil or grease? Toxic fumes? Illicit dumping of hauled wastes?

YES	<u>NO</u>	
		Does the Control Authority compare all monitoring data to applicable Pretreatment Standards and requirements contained in the control mechanism? [403.8(f)(2)(iv)]
	0	How many SIUs are currently on compliance schedules?
—		Have any <u>CIUs</u> been allowed more than 3 years from the effective date of a categorical standard to achieve compliance with those standards? [403.6(b)]
		Indicate the number of SIUs from which penalties have been collected by the Control Authority during the past Pretreatment reporting period:  Number Amount
		Civil 0 \$ 0
		Administrative 0 \$ 0
		Total 0 \$ 0 [WENDB-IUPN]
J.	DA	TA MANAGEMENT/PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
		Are inspection & sampling records well documented, organized and readily retrievable? Are files/records:
		YES NO
		computerized
		hard copy OTHER:
		OIMBR:
		Are the following files computerized:
		Control Mechanism Issuance
<del>/</del> <del>/</del> <del>/</del>		Inspection and Sampling schedule
		Monitoring Data IU Compliance Status Tracking (Linko)
		Other:
		Can IU monitoring data can be retrieved by:
1		Industry name
_	<b>/</b>	Pollutant type
		Industrial category or type
		SIC Code IU discharge volume
<u></u>		Geographic location
<u>√</u> <u>√</u>		Receiving treatment plant (i.e.if > one plant in the system)
		Other (specify)
		Does the POTW have provisions to address claims of confidentiality? [403.8(f)(1)(vii)]
	<b>/</b>	Have IUs requested that data be held confidential?
		How is confidential information handled by the Control Authority?
		Ordinance says there will be a 10 day IU notification prior to
		releasing any paperwork considered "confidential"
	/	Are there significant public or community issues impacting the POTW's
		pretreatment program?
		If yes, please explain:
		Are all records maintained for at least 3 years?

к.	RI	SOURCES	
What and	is t fundi	he current level of resources dedicated to the Pretreatment Program in FTEs ng amounts? [403.8(f)(3)] * - FTE = Full Time Equivalent Employee	3
		approx. 3	_
YES	<u>NO</u>		
		Have any problems in program implementation been observed which appear to related to inadequate funding?  If yes, describe and show below the source(s) of funding for the program n/a	
		Percent of Total Funding	
		IU permit fees	
		industry surcharges	
		other (describe) re-sampling <1 Total 100%	
<u> </u>		Is funding expected to continue near the current level? If no, will it:  Increase or Decrease If no, describe the nature of the changes:	_
<u>yes</u>	NO_	Are an adequate number of personnel available for the following programareas:  If no, explain	m.
<u>/</u>		Legal assistance	_
<del>/</del>		Permitting IU inspections	_
\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}	_	Sample collection	_
<u></u>	_	Sample analyses Data analysis,	_
/		review and response	_
<u></u>	=	Administration (inc. record keeping /data management)	_
		Does the Control Authority have access to adequate:	
<u>yes</u>	NO_	If yes then list and if no, explain	
		Sampling equipment 10 ISCO samplers; 2 portable pH meters; 6 portab flow meters	<u>le</u>
		Safety equipment Standard list	_
		Vehicles Pick-ups/cars	_
/		Analytical equipment Standard equip.	_

L.	POLLUTION PREVENTION
1.	Describe any efforts that have been taken to incorporate pollution prevention into the Pretreatment Program (e.g. waste minimization at IUs, household hazardous waste programs, etc.):  none
2.	Has the source of any toxic pollutants been identified?  If yes, what was found?  n/a
3.	Has the POTW implemented any kind of public education program? If yes, describe: Sending out pamphlets on grease problems.
4.	Does the POTW have any pollution prevention success stories for industrial users documented? <u>no</u> . If yes, please attach.
5.	Are SIUs required to get a pollution prevention audit or assessment as a part of their permit application or as a requirement of their permit?
6.	Has the POTW used any of the various "Guides to Pollution Prevention" as examples to their industrial and commercial users as ways to eliminate or reduce pollutants? No If yes, which of the "Guides to Pollution Prevention" were used? $n/a$

FILE #: 1 Industry Name Tokusen USA, Inc. File/ID No. 17  Industry Address 1500 Amity Road  Industry Description Mfg. brass plated steel wire for automobile tires  Industrial Category Metal finishing 40 CFR 433  SIC/NAICS Codes: 3496/314992  Avg. Total Flow (gpd) 370,000 Avg. Process Flow (gpd) 300,000
Industry visited during audit: YES
Comments:
FILE #: 2 Industry Name SFI (Plant 2) File/ID No. 8  Industry Address 780 Equity Ave.  Industry Description Fabricated Steel Products w/phosphatizing & powder coat  Industrial Category Metal finishing 40 CFR 433
SIC/NAICS Codes: 3599/332999  Avg. Total Flow (gpd) 30,000 Avg. Process Flow (gpd) 8,000
Industry visited during audit: YES
Comments:
FILE #: 3 Industry Name Valley Plating File/ID No. 23  Industry Address Highway 65 South  Industry Description Plating office furniture  Industrial Category Metal finishing 40 CFR 433  SIC/NAICS Codes: 3471/332813  Avg. Total Flow (gpd) 70,000+ Avg. Process Flow (gpd) ~70,000
Industry visited during audit: YES
Comments: Production flucuates dramatically so actual daily flows are hard to determine on any given day.
FILE #: 4 Industry Name Virco #2 File/ID No. 1 Industry Address 1745 Sturgess Road
Industry Description Phosphatizing/powder coating of school chairs/tables  Industrial Category Metal Finishing 40 CFR 433  SIC/NAICS Codes: 3713/337127  Avg. Total Flow (gpd) 12,000 Avg. Process Flow (gpd) 3,000  Industry visited during audit: YES
Comments:
FILE #: Industry Name File/ID No Industry Address
Industry Description 40 CFR SIC Code:
Avg. Total Flow (gpd) Avg. Process Flow (gpd)
Industry visited during audit:
Comments:

A.	Indu	strial User Characterizat	<u>ion</u>				
1.	Is	the IU considered	FILE 1	FILE 2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
	"si	gnificant" by the trol Authority?					
2.	cat	the user subject to egorical pretreatment ndards?					
	a.	New source or existing source (NS or ES)?	<u>ES</u>	<u>ES</u>	<u>ES</u>	<u>ES</u>	
	b.	Is this IU one identified as having P' potential?	no	no	no	no	
В.	Cont	rol Mechanism					
1.	Does	the file contain an (See Att	ch. A-3 for examp	ole)			
		ication for a control anism?	1	1	1	1	
	If y	es, what is the ication date? it ask for Pollution	6/12	6/12	6/12	6/12	
	Prevention information?		<u>no</u>	<u>no</u>	<u>no</u>	<u>no</u>	
2.	Does Perm	the file contain a it?					
	Perm	it Expiration Date?	7/12	7/12	7/12	7/12	
		fact sheet included?*  tch. A-5 for example	4	4	4		
3.	cont	the SIU been issued a rol mechanism containing: .8(f)(1)(iii)(A)-(E)] (See A	ttch. A-2 for exam	nple)			
	a.	Legal Authority Cite?					
	b.	Expiration date?					
	c.	Statement of nontransferability?					
	d.	Appropriate discharge limitations?	2	2	2	2	
	e.	Appropriate self-monitoring requirements?	3	3	3	3	
	f.	Sampling frequency?	5	5	5	5	
	g.	Sampling locations?					
	h.	Requirement for flow monitoring?	6	6	6	6	
	i.	Types of samples (grab or composite) for self-monitoring?					

Comments: 1) All applications need certification statement and authorized IU rep's signature with date; 2) See attach. A-2b. Questionable Cd, Cr & Ni limits. The remaining limits are from 40 CFR 433; 3) City does all sampling; 4) Good template but, needs to be more comprehensive in content; 5) City samples CIUs once/month; 6) timed composites (needs to be clarified in permits)

				FILE 1	FILE 2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
		j.	Applicable IU reporting requirements?					
		k.	Standard conditions for:					
			Right of Entry? Records retention? Civil and Criminal		<b>✓</b>			
			Penalty provisions? Revocation of permit?					<u> </u>
		1.	Compliance schedules/ progress reports	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	_n/a_	
		m.	General/Specific Prohibitions?					
		n.	Where technologically and economically achievable, are P'aspect included?	no	no	no	no	
c.		App	lication of Standards					
	1.		the IU been properly egorized?					
	2.	Stan	e both Categorical ndards and Local Limits perly applied?	1_	_1_	_1_	1	
	3.	of app	the IU notified recent revisions to licable pretreatment adards? [403.8(f)(2)(iii)]	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	n/a_	
	4.	base	IUs subject to production- ed standards, have the ndards been properly lied? [403.8(f)(1)(iii)]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a_	
	5.	Wast Comb Form Weig	IUs with combined testreams is the bined Wastestream mula or the Flow ghted Average formula rectly applied?		n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
	6.	gros alte	IUs receiving a "net/ ss" variance, are the ernate standards properly lied?	n/a		n/a_	n/a_	
	7.	app]	the Control Authority Lying a bypass vision to this IU?	/	/	<b>√</b>	/	

Comments: 1) Questionable Cd, Cr & Ni "local limits" as to their basis

				FILE 1	FILE 2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
D.		Comp Samp	liance Monitoring ling					
	1.	Cont resu	the file contain rol Authority sampling lts for the stry?					
	2.	samp requ	the Control Authority le as frequently as ired by its approved ram or permit? [403.8(c)]		_/			
	3.	Does incl a.	the sampling report(s) ude: [403.8(f)(2)(vi)] Name of sampling personnel?					
		b.	Sample date and time?					
		c.	Sample type?					
		d.	Wastewater flow at the time of sampling?				_/_	
		e.	Sample preservation procedures?					
		f.	Chain-of-custody records?					
		g.	Results for all parameters? SIUs & CIUs [403.12(g)(1) - CIUs]				_/_	- —
	4.	approappl:	the Control Authority opriately implemented all icable TTO monitoring/gement requirements?	1_	1_	1_	_1	
	5.	need vs.	the Control Authority uately assess the for flow-proportion time-proportion vs.	فيستم	11	11	11	
	_		samples?	<u>timed</u>				
			40 CFR 136 analytical ods used? [403.8(f)(2)(vi)					
	7		ections (See Attch. A-4 for example)					
	٠.		the IU file contain ection reports?					
	8.	a.	Has the Control Authorit inspected the IU at leas as frequently as required	t				
			by the approved program or permit? [403.8(c)]					_
		b.	Date of last Inspection	12/11	12/11	12/11	12/11	

Comments: 1) Metal Finishers have not submitted TOMPs so the City is sampling/analyzing for the TTOs in CFR 433 twice/yr.

9.		the inspection rt(s) include:	FILE	1	FIL	E 2	FIL	E 3	FILI	E 4	FIL	<u>E 5</u>
	[403.8(f)(2)(vi)]											
	a.	Inspector Name(s)		3		3		3		3		
	b.	Inspection date and time?	_	3		3		3	- <u>-</u>	3		
	c.	Name and title of IU official contacted?	_	3		3		3		3		<del></del>
	d.	Verification of production rates?	_	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a	_	
	e. Id	<pre>entification of sources   flow, and types of   discharge (regulated,   dilution flow, etc.)?</pre>	, 	1		1	-	1	_	_1_	_	
	f. Ev	aluation of pretreatment facilities?	_	2		2	-	2	_	2	_	
	g. Ev	aluation of self- monitoring equipment and techniques?	_	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		
	h. Ev	aluation of slug discharge control plan & need to develop? [403.8(f)(2)(v)]	· _	4		4		4		4		
	i.Ma	nufacturing facilities?	_	2		2		2		2		
	j. Ch	emical handling and storage procedures?		2		2		2		2		
	k. Ch	emical spill prevention areas?	_	2		2		2		2		
	1. На	zardous waste storage areas and handling procedures?	_	2		2		2		2		
	m. Sa	mpling procedures?	_	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		
	n. La	boratory procedures?	_	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		
	o. Mo	nitoring records?	_	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		
	p. Ev	aluation of Pollution Prevention opportunities?	_	no		no		no		no		

Comments: 1) Form says "see attached description sheet" when there is none. 2) Conway Corp. should have at least one very comprehensive inspection for each permitted facility. The form itself is adequate but, inspections questions were answered in very general terms with boxes checked "yes", "no", "N/A" or "See attached". "Attachments" were not attached; 3) Inspection forms should have the inspector's and the IU rep's signatures on them as well as the date performed written in, not typed; 4) Language should state a slug plan is not necessary per IU's fact sheet, backed-up with their slug potential evaluation form.

Ιf

	FILE 1	FILE 2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
q. Control Authority inspector signature?	See p	r <u>evious</u> pa	age's rec	o <u>mmenda</u> ti	on #3
IU Self-Monitoring and Reporting	I				
10.Does the file contain self-monitoring reports?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
<pre>11.Does the file include:     a. BMR?</pre>	arch.	arch.		_/	
b. 90-Day Report?					
c. All periodic reports?	<u>n/a</u>	n/a_	n/a_	<u>n/a</u>	
d. Compliance schedule reports?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	_n/a	
12. Did the IU report on all required parameters?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
13. Did the IU comply with the required sampling frequency(s)?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
<pre>14. Did the IU report    flow?</pre>	n/a_	_n/a	n/a_	n/a_	
15. Did the IU comply with the required reporting frequency(s)?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	_n/a_	
16. For all SIUs, are self- monitoring reports signed and certified?	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	n/a_	
17. Did the IU report all changes in its discharge? [403.12(j)]	<u>n/a</u>	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
18. Has the IU developed a Slug Control and Prevention Plan?	<u>n/n</u>	n/n	n/n	<u>n/n</u>	
19. Has the industry been responsible for spills or slug loads discharged to the POTW?	no	no	no	no	
yes, does the file contain documentation regarding:					
a. Did the spill cause Pass Through or Interference?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
b. Did POTW respond to the spill?	n/a	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	

E.	Enf	orcement	FILE 1	FILE_2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
	1.	Were all IU discharge violations identified in: [403.8(f)(2)(vi)]					
		a. Control Authority monitoring results?	None	f <u>ound d</u> u	ıri <u>ng pre</u> v	vio <u>us yea</u> r	
		b. IU self-monitoring results?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	
		c. If NS CIU was it compliant within 90 days from commencement of discharge?	n/a_	n/a_		n/a	
	2.	How many reports submitted during the past reporting year indicated discharge violations?	0	0	0	0	
	3.	Did the IU notify the Control Authority within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation(s)?	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	4.	Was additional monitoring conducted within 30 days after each discharge violation occurred?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	<u>n/a</u>	
	5.	Were all nondischarge violations identified in the file?	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
	6.	Was the IU notified of all violations?	n/a	n/a_	n/a_	n/a_	
	7.	Was follow-up enforcement action taken by the Control Authority?	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	8.	Did the Control Authority follow its approved ERP?				_ /	
	9.	Did the Control Authority's enforcement action result in the IU achieving compliance?		n/a_	<u>n/a</u>	n/a_	
	10.	Is there a compliance schedule? If yes:	no	no	<u>no</u>	no	. ——
	11.	Were there any compliance schedule violations?	n/a_	n/a	n/a_	n/a	

### SECTION III: INDUSTRIAL USER FILE REVIEW

		FILE 1	FILE 2	FILE 3	FILE 4	FILE 5
12.	Was SNC calculated for the violations on a quarterly basis? [403.8(f)(2)(vii)]					
	During evaluation for SNC, did the CA consider each of the following criteria?					
	<ul> <li>a. Chronic violations</li> <li>b. TRC</li> <li>c. Pass through/Interference</li> <li>d. Spill/slug loads</li> <li>e. Reporting</li> <li>f. Compliance schedule</li> <li>g. others (specify)</li> </ul>			/ / /		
13.	Was the SIU published for SNC?	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	n/a	n/a_	
	Date of publication.					

## REPORTABLE NONCOMPLIANCE (RNC)

## for the Pretreatment Audit Checklist

(MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST)

Control Author	ority:Conway Corporation NPDES #: _ARG	0051951
Date of Audit	:: 6/19 - 21/12 Date entered into QNCR: 7	7/11/12
(HDDDDDHINI	.,	Level
NO	Failure to enforce against pass through and/or interference	I
NO	Failure to submit required reports within 30 days	I
NO	Failure to meet compliance schedule milestone date within 90 days	I
NO	Failure to issue/reissue control mechanisms to 90% of SIUs within 6 months	II
NO	Failure to inspect or sample 80% of SIUs within the last reporting year	II
NO	Failure to enforce pretreatment standards and reporting requirements	II
YES*	Other violations of concern	II
*Adm	inistrative deficiencies	
SIGNIFICANT NO	ONCOMPLIANCE (SNC)	
NO	Is the Control Authority in SNC for violation of any Level I criterion.	n
NO	Is the Control Authority in SNC for violation of 2 or more Level II criterion.	n

## (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT)

## INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT

Control Authority: Conway Corporation	NPDES #	: <u>ARO</u>	051951
Name, address and phone number of industry	·:		
Virco #2, 1745 Sturgess Road, 501.329.2901			
_			,
Type of industry: Phosphatizing/powder coa	•	scnoo	ο <b>Τ</b>
chairs/tables; Metal Finishing under 40 CF	R 433		
Date/Time of visit: 6/20/12 / 8:47 a.m.			
Industry contacts: Scott Newell-Env. Mng &	Perry		Safety & v. Mngr.
	Yes	No	N/A
1. Significant industrial user?	<b>✓</b>		
2. Classified correctly?	✓		
3. Pretreatment equipment or procedures?		_	
4. Pretreatment equipment maintained and			
operational?			<u>✓</u>
5. Hazardous waste generated or stored?			
6. Proper solid waste disposal?			
7. Solvent management/TTO control?		mpling	<b></b>
8. Suitable sampling location?			
9. Appropriate self-monitoring			
procedures/equipment?			
10. Adequate spill prevention and control	?		
11. Industrial familiar with limits and	,		
requirements?			
12. Pollution Prevention activity			<del></del>
Additional comments:			
Facility has not substantially changed the	ir proc	esses	since the
audit site visit 6 years ago.	P-00		51100 010
Facility manufactures finishes/assembles m	ostly s	chool	seating
(folding chairs mainly).	-4	1 +	matamia]
Raw material include chromed and non-chrom from Valley Flating, plastic and various to			
They do have an internal "SB-14" plan for			
improvements. They file a "plan" every 3	years.	Facil	ity
practices "just in time inventory".			
Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong	_ Date:	6/2	0/12

(signature of auditor conducting visit)

Audit Checklist (revised 02/26/96)

(MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT)
INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT (CONTINUED)

Control Authority: Conway Corporation NPDES #: AR0051951
Industry name: Virco #2

Facility operates a "U" shaped basic 5 stage Fe phosphatizing line prior to powder coating.

This consists of a heated caustic wash followed by a fresh water rinse, then a heated Fe phosphatizing stage followed by two fresh city water rinses, then a dry-off oven prior to powder painting (~30 different colors). This entire area is surrounded by a angle iron epoxied to the concrete floor to contain any spills. The caustic wash and phosphatizing tanks are periodically taken off-site for disposal and not discharged to the City because they could not remove enough of the O&G to meet permit limits. After powder painting, chair frames are sent through a bake oven using air curtains saving money in energy.

Rinse tanks are continually overflowed. All make-up water is city water and they do not utilize counterflow practices. Machining (drilling, forming, etc.) and forming (tube, rectangular and square shapes) operations' wastewater is self-contained and hauled off-site for disposal as well as the caustic and phosphatizing tanks' wastewater. The tube forming operation is completely self-contained, coolants drain into a holding sump and are hauled off-site when spent to help eliminate their old O&G problems/permit limit excursions. No pretreatment is necessary to meet CFR 433 limitations.

City Corp. reps were familiar with the facility's operations and the industry rep was familiar with their pretreatment regulations.

Small chemical storage areas were located near the stations the chems were needed. No floor drains were observed nor mentioned. Adequate sampling site although it is underneath the actual phosphatizing line. The sampler would have to crawl underneath the tanks to set up a sampler.

This auditor agrees with the City rep that a slug discharge potential is negligible and a slug discharge plan not necessary.

Visit	conducted	by:	Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong	Date:	6/20/12
		_	111 6 12 1		
			Allen Gellen		

## (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT) INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT

Control Authority: Conway Corporation	NPDES #: _AR0051951
Name, address and phone number of industry Tokusen USA, 1500 Amity Road (501) 327-680 Type of industry: Steel cord manufacturer	0 x - 474
Date/Time of visit: 6/20/12 / 10:05 a.m.	
Industry contacts: David Yarberry-Env.	Eng. / Larry Brown-Base Mill Manager
	Yes No N/A
1. Significant industrial user?	
2. Classified correctly?	<u> </u>
3. Pretreatment equipment or procedures?	<u>/</u>
4. Pretreatment equipment maintained and	
operational?	✓
5. Hazardous waste generated or stored?	<del>/</del>
6. Proper solid waste disposal?	<u></u>
7. Solvent management/TTO control?	<u>√</u> _√-sampling
8. Suitable sampling location?	<u> </u>
9. Appropriate self-monitoring	
<pre>procedures/equipment?</pre>	
10. Adequate spill prevention and control	?
11. Industrial familiar with limits and	
requirements?	<del></del>
12. Pollution Prevention activity	<u> </u>
Additional comments:	
Facility has not changed processes substan	tially since the audit
site visit 3 years ago. They bring in coi	led, 5.5 mm diameter
steel rod, chemically (hydrochloric acid p	
	_
followed by a fresh water rinse. This is	_
stations each with about 11 to 13 actual d	rawing dies that
control tension and reduce the wire diamet	er to desired thickness
using a dry sodium, calcium and barium ste	arate powder for
surface preparation and lubrication.	
Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong	

#### (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT)

#### INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT (CONTINUED)

Control	Authority:	Conway	Corporation	NPDES	#:	AR0051951	
					_		

Industry name: Tokusen

The cleaned rod is reduced in diameter by a cold forming process which draws the rod thru progressively smaller dies to produce an intermediate material of a specified diameter. Wire is (gas fired) heat treated (patenting) to ~1900 F, quenched in a "fluidized" sand bed then city water quenched/rinsed. Noncontact cooling towers' blowdown water volumes (<1% of regulated flow) are not considered significant enough to use the CWF. is sent through a sulfuric acid cleaning bath followed by several counter current flow (CCF) fresh water rinses; followed by a sodium hydroxide bath. Prior to their CCF rinses, the wire is "curtain" (horizontally) air wiped (CAW). Wire is then brass plated in a Cu plating solution with CAW and 2 CCF rinses, followed by a Zn plating solution with CAW and 3 CCF rinses. This completes the brass plating of the stranded wire. Above the liquid processes/rinses the facility has six (6) wet air vacuum scrubbing devices. This wastewater is sent to pretreatment. The wire is sent through an electrically heated diffuser prior to two final phosphoric acid baths and one fresh water rinse then through a heat and vacuum chamber. The brass wire is then sent through fine drawing and then through a stranding before it is sent out to the final customer. Final wire draw does come into contact with cooling water which overflows to pretreatment. Various rinses are batch discharged at different frequencies complicating "representative" sampling. Total plant clean-up occurs every 2 weeks. Pretreatment begins at a main or equalization sump. From this sump, wastewater is pumped to 2 stage pH adjustment (~10 s.u.) tanks followed by metal hydroxide precip. with polymers for floculation, then "split" through 2 lamella clarifiers followed by filtration and final pH adjustment. Concentrated wastewater is separately batch treated. Clarifier "bottoms" are drained to a filter press with sludge cake sent off as haz. waste. Facility implements a selfimprovement philosophy for continual process and environmental improvements. City Corp. reps were familiar with their processes and the facility rep. was knowledgeable about their pretreatment regulations. Adequate sampling site.

Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong Date: 6/20/12

## (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT) INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT

Control Authority: Conway Corporation	NPDES #:	<u>AR00</u>	51951
Name, address and phone number of industry Steel Fabricated Inc. (SFI), 670 Equity Dr. Type of industry: Job shop metal finisher products (CFR 433) Date/Time of visit: 6/20/12 / 1:20 p.m. Industry contacts: Tom Gerard-H.R./Safety Maintenance Mngr & Maurice Kilgore-Paint St.	ive, 501 for vari Env. Mng	ous cu r, Tim	stomer's
			/ -
1 Cignificant industrial warms	Yes	No	N/A
<ol> <li>Significant industrial user?</li> <li>Classified correctly?</li> </ol>			
3. Pretreatment equipment or procedures?	<u>/</u> _/		
4. Pretreatment equipment maintained and			
operational?	/		
5. Hazardous waste generated or stored?			<u></u>
6. Proper solid waste disposal?	<b>√</b>		
7. Solvent management/TTO control?	<u>√-</u> sa	 m <u>pli</u> ng	
8. Suitable sampling location?	<u>✓</u>		
<ol> <li>Appropriate self-monitoring</li> </ol>			
procedures/equipment?			
10. Adequate spill prevention and control?			
11. Industrial familiar with limits and			
requirements?			
12. Pollution Prevention activity			
Additional Comments: Facility has not substore ops since the last Audit site visit 3 production is currently down ~40%. By the visit, there were no ongoing operations. If ive stage phosphatizing unit, but galvanish also phosphatized and powder coat painted. such as break presses, welding, stamping as conducted in a separate building. Those material includes galvanized (~20%), cold and aluminum, but varies from day-to-day. Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong	years a time of they utized stee Other machining for directled a	go, bu this lize a l is a achini ning a ops' sposal nd pic	t site typical lso is ng ops re are self Raw kled iron
Allen Gilha			_ <del></del>

# (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT) INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT (CONTINUED)

Control	Authori	ity:_	Conway	Corporation	on_ N	PDES	#:_	AR00519	51	_
Industry	name:	SFI								

Facility's phosphatizing line includes a heated "soap" degreasing wash ("1A" potassium hydroxide) for the galvanized workpieces, a separate heated Fe phosphatizing stage ("1B") for the carbon steel workpieces followed by a fresh water rinse followed by a final hydrofluorozirconic acid seal/rinse. The workpieces are sent thru a dry-off oven (~325 F) prior to powder coat painting. Countercurrent flow from the fresh water rinse cannot be utilized because of the two different "wash" bath's chemistry. water rinse tank is completely batch discharged ~twice/month with an employee actually entering the tank to remove any sludges that have built up. All the nozzels and tips in the spray booths are also cleaned at that time. Primary containment is a below grade grated trough that surrounds the entire "phosphatizing" processs. After powder coat painting the final products are sent through a cure oven (~425 F) utilizing air curtain to help contain heat in the ovens saving energy. All make-up water is city water. Rinses are continually overflowed to the City.

No pretreatment is necessary except for pH adjustment when necessary. No floor drains were observed nor mentioned and their main chemical storage are consisted of stacked wire caged totes. City Corp. reps were familiar with the facility's operations and the facility rep was familiar with their pretreatment limitations under 40 CFR 433.

Adequate sampling site.

Visit	conducted by	Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong	Date:	6/20/12	
	-	allen Gollen			

# (MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT) INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT

Control Authority: Conway Corporation	NPDES	#: <u>A</u>	R0051951
Name, address and phone number of industry	<i>7</i> :		
Valley Plating Works, Hwy 65 South, 501.54	8.0200	)	
Type of industry: Ni/Cr Plating of office	furnit	ure	
Date/Time of visit: 6/20/12 / 2:35 p.m.			
Industry contacts: Dennis Fesmire - Genera	ıl Mgr	/ Mar	y Robinson -
Human Resources & Admin. / Wynn Holcomb -	_		
	Yes	No	N/A
1. Significant industrial user?	<b>√</b>		
2. Classified correctly?	✓		
3. Pretreatment equipment or procedures?	<b>✓</b>	. <u> </u>	
4. Pretreatment equipment maintained and			
operational?	✓		
5. Hazardous waste generated or stored?	1		
6. Proper solid waste disposal?	1		- — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
7. Solvent management/TTO control?	<b>√</b>		
8. Suitable sampling location?	<u> </u>		
9. Appropriate self-monitoring			
procedures/equipment?	<b>/</b> *		
10. Adequate spill prevention and control?	<u>/*</u>		
11. Industrial familiar with limits and			
requirements?	1		
12. Pollution Prevention activity			
*pH and ORP for internal QA/QC			
Additional comments:			
Facility has not changed its operations sulast Audit site visit three (3) years ago. Facility manufactures office furniture subbookcases. This company took over the old operations and has substantially "moderniz pretreatment. Facility utilizes wetting a their baths for maximum coverage.	h as d l Virco ed" th	esks, #1 p	chairs and lant/plating rocesses and
Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblon		e:	6/20/12
allen Dillow		_	

(MUNICIPAL POLLUTION PREVENTION ASSESSMENT) INDUSTRIAL SITE VISIT (CONTINUED)

Control	Authority	y: Conwa	ay Corporation	NPDES #:	: <u>AR0051951</u>
Industry			Plating		

Facility falls under the metal finishing regs (CFR 433) because of its Ni/Cr plating ops. Valley's plating ops described as such: 23 tanks/baths are all placard identified (rack ops): heated, mechanical agitated caustic soda followed by an air agitated (AA) surfactant cleaning bath; AA water rinse; heated sodium hydroxide electro-clean w/foam block; AA water rinse; heated electro (sulfuric) acid bath; AA water rinse; heated alkaline electro cleaner bath; AA water rinse; heated sulfuric acid bath; 2 stagnant AA acid fresh water rinses; heated & AA bright Ni plating; AA water rinse; 4 AA water rinses counterflowed (CF) back to previous tanks; AA and heated Tri-Cr plate bath; AA water rinse; AA water rinse with CF to tank prior to destruction; AA water rinse with CF back to previous tank and the final AA and heated deionized water rinse. All spills/overflows would be contained in their metal grated floor drains which are pumped overhead to pretreatment EQ tank. There are no floor drains to the City are in the process area. Pretreatment appears to consist of best available technology where all plating tanks' wastewater is pumped to a large EQ holding tank, then pumped to a "floc-box", then to a pH adjustment tank with calcium chloride dosed; AA Hex-Cr destruction; then to another pH adjustment tank for typical chemical precip of metals. WW is pumped to another EQ tank from which it flows through a lamella clarifier and then through a sand filter. Solids from the clarifier (where polymers are added) is sent to 2 separate sludge settling tanks then to their filter press. WW from the filter press is pumped back to the front of the pretreatment process to the first EQ tank to reprocess. Sludge is also sent through a sludge drier prior to being sent off-site as haz waste and recycled for metals. Facility uses numerous P2 processes. City Corp. reps were familiar with the processes and the facility reps were familiar with their pretreatment limitations and very proactive with P2.

Visit conducted by: Gilliam/Beaty/Lieblong/ Date: 6/20/12 (signature of auditor conducting visit)

Adequate sampling point.

A Hachment A-1

### **CONWAY CORPORATION**

## WASTE HAULER DISCHARGE PERMIT NUMBER \_2\_\_\_\_

The Conway Corporation of Conway, Arkansas (hereinafter referred to as Corporation) the operators of the City of Conway's Wastewater System, including the City's two Wastewater Treatment Plants, hereby agrees to allow Harrison Septic Service of P.O. Box 247, Mayflower, AR 72106 (hereinafter referred to as Company) to dispose of certain wastewater collected from residential or other approved septic tanks, located in the Conway area at the City of Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant.
The wastewater quality shall be in compliance with the standards as stated in Conwa City Ordinance Nos. A-566 and O-89-14, as amended or as shall be amended in the future an shall comply with other applicable City Ordinances and Corporation regulations. Wastes from industries, grease traps, oil/water separators or any hazardous or toxic wastes will not be allowed.
A Non-Hazardous Waste Manifest form provided by Corporation shall be completed for waste from each separate waste generator, not less than one Manifest per tank load. The Wastewater Plant Superintendent or his designee shall inspect each tank load of waste to be discharged at the City's Wastewater Treatment Plant to determine if it may be dumped at the Plant. If deemed necessary by the Plant Superintendent or his designee, an analysis of the tank wastes may be required.
A tank may contain no more than 3500 gallons of waste. A fee, which is currentl \$25.00, shall be collected from the Company for each tank load discharged at the Plant.
The Corporation reserves the right to reject any wastes it deems harmful to the City' Wastewater System or that might cause the City to be in violation of its NPDES Permits. A copy of Corporation regulations pertaining to the disposing of wastes at the City's POTWs is attached to the Permit.
The Permit will be in effect for a term of one year, beginning on <u>June 1, 2012</u> and ending on <u>June 1, 2013</u> unless terminated by either party upon thirty (30) days written notice to the last known address of the other party, and does not renew automatically. Any violations of the provisions of this Permit by Company will render the Permit to be immediately void.
Signed: Date: June 1, 2012

Environmental Coordinator

Attachment A-Z





#### INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. 17

In accordance with all terms and conditions of the City of Conway's Ordinance No. O-02-117,
and amendments, and also with any applicable provisions of Federal or State law or regulation:
Permission is hereby granted to <u>Tokusen U.S.A. Inc.</u>
Classified by SIC No. <u>2296</u> NACIS No. <u>314992</u>
This Permit allows for the contribution of Industrial Wastewater into Conway Corporation's
Wastewater Collection System at 1500 Amity Road, Conway, AR 72032 .
This Permit is granted in accordance with the Industrial Wastewater Discharge Application
submitted to Conway Corporation and in conformity with plans, specifications and other data
submitted to Conway Corporation in support of the above application. All of which are filed with
and considered as part of this permit, together with the following named conditions and
requirements.
Effective this date: September 1, 2009
To expire date: July 31, 2012
Environmental Coordinator,
Conway Corporation

Page 1 of 7 Industrial Discharge Permit

#### PART I: LIMITATIONS

1. The Permittee shall not exceed the effluent limitations stated below for all waters discharged to the City of Conway's Wastewater Collection System.

Parameters	Daily Max.	Max. Monthly	Monitoring
		Average	Requirements
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(E, SC, S)
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-Day)		250.0 *1	SC, *3
Total Suspended Solids		250.0 *1	SC, *3
Oil & Grease		100.0 *1	SC, *2
Cadmium	0.110 L	0.015	E, *3
Chromium	2.770 ~	1.00	E, *3
Copper	3.38 😳	2.07 ⊆	E, *3
Cyanide	1.200 ⊆	0.650 €	E, *2
Lead	0.690 <sup>-</sup>	0.430 ~	E, *3
Nickel	3.980	1.50 LL	E, *3
Silver	0.430	0.2404	E, *3
Zinc	2.610€	1.4804	E, *3
TTO	2.130		E, *2
Temperature	140 °F		E, *2
Flow	RE	PORT ONLY	
pH Maximum (instantaneous)	12.0 S.U.		
pH Minimum (instantaneous)	5.0 S.U.		

E – Enforcement Monitoring

SC - Surcharge Monitoring \*1

S – Self-Monitoring

- \*1. Exceedances of these parameters are not considered a violation be the City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117, unless they cause the Treatment Plant Head Works to exceed these levels. Exceedances of these parameters are subject to surcharge.
- \*2 Samples for this parameter shall be collected using the grab method.
- \*3 Samples for this parameter shall be collected as composite samples
- \*4 Permit limits for Cd, Cr, Ni are based on local limits



#### **Prohibited Discharges:**

40 CFR 403.5(a)(1) and (b)

- (a)(1): General Prohibitions. A User may not introduce into a POTW any pollutants(s) which cause Pass Through or Interference. These General prohibitions and the specific prohibitions in paragraph (b) of this section apply to each User introducing pollutants into a POTW whether or not the User is subject to other National Pretreatment Standards or any National, State, or Local Pretreatment Requirements.
- (b) Specific Prohibitions. In addition, the following pollutants shall not be introduced into a POTW:
- (1)Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the POTW, including, but not limited to, wastestreams with a closed cup flashpoint of less than 140 degrees Fahrenheit or 60 degrees Centigrade using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21;
- (2) Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case discharges with a pH lower than 5.0, unless the works is specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
- (3) Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW resulting in Interference;
- (4)Any pollutant, including oxygen demanding pollutants (BOD, etc.) released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause interference with the POTW.
- (5)Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW resulting in Interference, but in no case heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW Treatment Plant exceeds 40 degrees Centigrade (104F) unless the Approval Authority, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits.
- (6)Petroleum Oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause interference or pass through;
- (7)Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems;
- (8) Any trucked or hauled pollutants, except at discharge points designated by the POTW.

#### Prohibition of bypass.

- (1) Bypass is prohibited, and the Control Authority may take enforcement action against an Industrial User for a bypass, unless;
- (i) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- (ii) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance; and
- (iii) The Industrial User submitted notices as required under paragraph (c) of this section.
- (2) The Control Authority may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Control Authority determines that it will meet the three conditions listed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.

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Page 3 of 7 Industrial Discharge Permit

#### PART II: MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Conway Corporation will conduct all required monitoring for enforcement and surcharge purposes at a frequency subject to the discretion of Conway Corporation. The sampling frequency must comply with all federal and state regulations.
- 2. Conway Corporation will monitor the discharge from <u>Tokusen U.S.A. Inc.</u> at the <u>Brass</u> <u>Plated Steel Wire</u> operation at the frequency specified. All samples shall be grab samples unless otherwise indicated.

BC	$D_5$		-1 sample once a year*
TS	S		-1 sample once a year*
08	&G		-1 sample once a year
Су	anide	(total)	-1 sample once a year
pН			-1 sample every month
Ca	dmium	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Ch	romium	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Co	pper	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Le	ad	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Ni	ckel	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Sil	ver	(total)	-1 sample every month*
Zii	nc	(total)	-1 sample every month*
ΤΊ	CO (Pg 5,	Pt III, Sec.3B)	-1 sample twice a year*
			Short be denoted ment to Bot, Tall & Dia,

<sup>\*-</sup>Denotes 24 Hour composite sample

- 3. All sample collection, handling, preservation and analysis shall be performed by Conway Corporation or a ADEQ approved laboratory contracted by Conway Corporation.
- 4. All samples handling, preservation, equipment, sample container, holding times, analysis and quality control procedures shall be in accordance with approved and current EPA procedures and requirements.

**SAMPLING LOCATION:** Tokusen's sampling location is at the ISCO sampler against the west wall, next to the control room, behind final pH adjustment tank. Sampling location is also noted on schematic.

#### PART III: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS/SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### SPILL CONTROL

A. In case of an accidental discharge, Conway Corporation's Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator must be notified immediately, by telephone, at 501-450-6080. If after regular business hours, leave a message with the Dispatch office, which will notify the proper personnel. Notification shall include location of discharge, type of waste, concentration and volume, Permittee personnel with knowledge of the spill, and corrective actions to be taken by the Permittee to prevent any further accidental discharge.

(City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)

Page 4 of 7

- B. A notice shall be permanently posted on the Permittee's bulletin board or other prominent place-advising employees of the notification procedure in the event of a dangerous discharge. Permittee shall ensure that all employees who may cause or witness such a dangerous discharge are advised of the emergency notification procedure. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)
- C. Within five days of an accidental discharge, the Permittee shall submit to the Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator, a detailed written report describing the cause of the discharge and the measures to be taken by the Permittee to prevent future incidents. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)

#### 2. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Permittee shall notify Conway Corporation's Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator, by telephone, within one (1) business day of becoming aware of the violations of the conditions of this permit.

  (40 CFR 403.12.G.2)
- B. The Permittee shall notify Conway Corporation prior to the introduction of new wastewater or pollutants, any substantial change in the volume or characteristic of the wastewater being discharged to the sanitary sewer, or any new construction or process modifications involving plumbing changes. This notification shall be written and the Permittee must receive Conway Corporation's approval before the changes can occur. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)
- C. All reports required by this permit must be signed by the owner, general partner, a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or a responsible individual who has received written delegation of this authority from either the owner, general partner, or a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president. (40 CFR 403.12 (k))
- E. The Permittee shall notify Conway Corporation of the release of a slug load. A slug load is any release of pollutants at a flow rate or concentration, which would cause the Permittee to violate any limitations contained in this permit or the General Discharge Prohibitions contained in the City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117. This notification shall be made immediately by telephone 501-450-6080. The notification shall include the corrective actions to be taken. The verbal notification must be followed by a detailed written report within five days of the discharge. (40 CFR 403.12. (g))

#### 3. SPECIAL CONDITIONS AND FEES

- A. If the Permittee experiences a violation of any of the Pretreatment Standards specified in Part I of this Permit, then Conway Corporation is required to resample for that pollutant within 30 days, (40 CFR403.12.). If and when Conway Corporation is required to perform this resample, Conway Corporation reserves the right to charge a fee to recoup the expenses incurred during the resample. The resample charge will be based on the fees charged to Conway Corporation for the parameter resampled, by our contract laboratory. The charge will be \$80 dollars above the fee incurred from our contract laboratory.
- B. The User, at the option of the CEO, may be billed according to the Industrial Surcharge Formula in the Sewer Rate Ordinance No. 92-15, as amended for the excess BOD, TSS and Oil and Grease loading. All surcharges will be calculated and charged monthly based on the

last scheduled sample performed. Users have the option of having a resample performed at their cost. If the resample is still violating limits the higher of the two results will be used for calculating the surcharge.

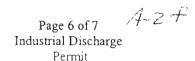
Excessive Strength Surcharge Formula
S=(Flow)(8.34)((CB(BOD-250))+(CT(TSS-250))+(CO(OG-100)))
S=Surcharge in Dollars
8.34=Weight in pounds of one gallon of water
CB = Charge per pound of BOD
CT = Charge per pound of TSS
CO = Charge per pound of OG
BOD = Biochemical Oxygen Demand Concentration
TSS = Total Suspended Solids Concentration
OG = Oil and Grease Concentration

#### PART IV: STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. The Permittee shall comply with all general prohibitive discharge standards in the (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117).
- 2. Rights of Entry The Permittee shall allow duly authorized representatives of Conway Corporation, bearing proper credentials and identification, to enter the premises at reasonable hours for the purpose of inspecting, sampling or record inspection. Reasonable hours are considered anytime the Permittee is operating any process, which results in the discharge of wastewater to the sanitary sewer.

(City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)

- 3. Records Retention The Permittee shall retain all records relative to monitoring, analysis, and operations of any process or treatment system, which results in the discharge of wastewater to the sanitary sewer for a minimum of three (3) years. (40 CFR 403.12 (1))
- 4. Dilution The Permittee shall not increase the use of potable or process waters or, in any way, attempt to dilute a discharge as a partial or complete substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with the limitations contained in Part I of this permit. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)
- 5. Non-transferability This permit is issued to a specific Permittee for a specific operation and is not assignable to another discharger or transferable to any other location without the prior written approval of Conway Corporation. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)
- 6. Permit Modification (a) The terms and conditions of this permit are subject to modification by Conway Corporation at any time in response to changes in the City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117, modification or promulgation of any federal regulation including promulgation of new Categorical Pretreatment Standards, State of Arkansas Regulation, and/or issuance of special or administrative orders, (b) Any permit modifications which result in new conditions or limitations will include a reasonable time schedule for compliance, if necessary.



- Permit Revocation This permit may be revoked by Conway Corporation if it is determined that the Permittee has violated any provision of this permit, City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117, State of Arkansas regulations, or EPA regulations. Additionally,
- (1) Falsification or intentional misrepresentation of data or statements pertaining to the permit application or any report required by this permit shall be cause for permit revocation.
  - (2) Failure to factually report wastewater constituents and characteristics of its discharge.
- (3) Failure to report significant changes in operations, or wastewater constituents and characteristics.
  - (4) Failure to report violations of the conditions of this permit
- Penalties Any wastewater system user who is found to have violated or has failed to resolve any violation of this permit, City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117, State of Arkansas regulation, or EPA regulation may result in the Conway Corporation seeking applicable fines and penalties as outlined in City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117. Penalties can reach \$1,000 for each offense, and each day on which the violation shall occur or continue shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.
- 9. Severability - The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected thereby.
- 10. Property Rights – The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state or local regulation.
- Proper Disposal of Pretreatment Sludge and Spent Chemicals The Permittee shall dispose of any sludge or spent chemicals in accordance with Section 405 of the Clean Water Act and Subtitles C and D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. (40 CFR 403.8 (f) (iii))
- Confidentiality All reports and data related to the requirements of the permit shall be available for public inspection at the Conway Corporation, except for that information that is deemed confidential in accordance with the provisions of the (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)
- Permit Expiration This permit comes due for review on January 1, 2012. The Permittee 13. must reapply for re-issuance of the permit at least 180 days prior to the expiration date. Conway Corporation will notify the Permittee of this responsibility 90 days before the reapplication date. (City of Conway, Ordinance No. O-02-117)

SIGNATURE: TOKULON U.S.A., INC.

DATE: 9/25/09

Vice president

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Page 7 of 7 Industrial Discharge Permit

AHachment A-3



## **Conway Corporation**

## **Industrial Wastewater Application**

	NERAL INFORMATION ne: Tokusen USA, Inc	· 
2. Address: 1500	0 Amity Road	
3. Owner/CEO:	Ed Lea	Title: President
4. Contact Persor	n: David Yarberry	Title: Environmental Engineer
5. Telephone #: 5	601-327-6800 Cell#: 501-47	0-8802 Email: dyarberry@tokusenusa.com
6. SIC Code: 229	6NACIS	Code: 314992
SECTION B: PR	ODUCT INFORMATION	
1. Principal Raw	Materials Used: Carbon Ste	el Wire Rod
2. Principal Prod	ucts Produced: Brass Plated	Steel Tire Cord
SECTION C: PL	ANT OPERATIONAL CHA	ARACTERISTICS
	nt to wastewater System: Co often is a batch of treated wa	ontinuous ( ) Batch ( ) Both (X) astewater discharged?
plating lines. Th	•	needed as well as wash down water from the tered through a filter press. The effluent off nuous treatment process.
		ntions? _No If yes explain why and on
B) N C) A	umber of Work Days Per W	es per shift and the times 7 pm – 7 am MTW-alt Sun Start Time: 7 am – 7 pm MTW-alt Sun 7 pm – 7 am TFS-alt Sun Start Time: 7 am – 7 pm TFS-alt Sun Start Time: 8 am – 5 pm M-F_

4.Describe any Wastewater Treatment Equipment or Processes in Use in the Plant:

Industrial pretreatment system employs collection/equalization, chemical precipitation, clarification, pH adjustment and sludge dewatering.

5. Describe any Raw Water Treatment Processes Utilized in the Plant:

Water softening for boiler feedwater	
6. Describe any Water Recycling Processes utilized in the Plant:	_
Counterflow rinses in plating process.	

7. Is there any Sludge Generated From Wastewater Pretreatment Operations in the Plant, or any of the Plants processes: Yes (X) No () If Yes, state briefly where sludge is generated, what it contains, and how it is disposed of:

Primarily iron hydroxide with some copper hydroxide and zinc hydroxide. No constituent exceeds TCLP limits. Sludge received an EPA exclusion to the hazardous waste regulations and is considered a delisted waste. The sludge is disposed of in an industrial waste landfill.

#### SECTION D: WATER CONSUMPTION

1. Plant Water Sources and Average Usage over the Previous 12 Months:

A)	Water Source: 4" CW Main	Usage: Gal. per Day (gpd)_	86500
B)	Water Source: 4" CW Main	Usage: Gal. per Day (gpd)_	259,500

2. List Water Consumption within the plant:

Avg. Usage (gpd)	Avg. Effluent (gpd)	Batch or Cont.	Discharge to
A) Cooling Water 24,220	1500_	<u>C</u>	<u>wwt</u>
B) Boiler Water <u>21,798</u>	400	C	Sewer
C) Process Water <u>288,218</u>	<u>269,000</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>wwt</u>
D) Sanitary Sewer 10,726	10,000	C	Sewer
E) Clean Up Water _700	<u>575</u>	В	WWT/Sewer
F) Other Water 350	350	<u>B</u>	Sewer

#### SECTION E: SEWER CONNECTION AND DISCHARGE INFORMATION

- 1. Attach an updated drawing of the plant showing the location of the building sewer lines, areas of wastewater generation, sampling points, sludge generation, etc.
- 2. List Plant sewer outlets, size and flow(assign reference points to each outlet):

Reference # Size of A) A-1 6" B) A-2 10" C) A-3 4" D)		Clark Rd	vg. Flow (gpd) 9500 270,750 1575							
SECTION F: SPILL	PREVENTION CONTR	ROL								
1. Is there a Spill Prevention Plan in place? Yes (X) No ( ) If yes, provide an updated copy to Conway Corporation.										
Spill Prevention Plan	n updated in 2011. Will s	send updated co	py.							
2. State briefly the st	teps to be taken in case o	f a spill:								
Engineer; 3) Identif	rce; 2) Notify supervisor, y spilled material; 4) No nergency materials to col	otify proper emer	rgency agencies if situation							
SECTION G: WAS	TEWATER PRETREAT	MENT FACILI	TIES							
1. Is there any pretreatment of the wastewater to bring the effluent into Compliance with the Wastewater Discharge Permit, or the Wastewater Use Ordinance, or Federal or State Regulations? Yes (X) No () 2. If the answer above is yes, List the Pretreatment processes used:										
4	ent system employs colle ustment and sludge dewa	•	on, chemical precipitation,							
3. Is there any plann	ned changes to be made to	o the Pretreatme	ent process? Yes ( ) No (X)							
THE SANITARY S The USEPA regula identification and d States "All users sha which, if otherwise All users shall disp of the Clean Wate Recovery Act. Fo	EEWER  Itions require that local of the lisposal requirements for all notify the POTW of a disposed of, would be sose of any sludge or spectract and Subtitles Corfurther instruction on as Department of Environment of Environment.	control authoritic hazardous was ny discharges in a hazardous want chemicals in and D of the hazardous wastonmental Qualit	es notify users that there are te. 40 CFR 403.12(p)(1)-(4) nto the POTW of a Substance, ste under 40 CFR part 261". accordance with Section 405 Resource Conservation and te identification and disposal by (ADEQ) Hazardous Waste ous Waste Discharge to							

e	0	sur		e	0	Sure		e	0	Sure	
S		e	Acenaphthlene	S		$\Box$	1,2	S	$\boxtimes$		4,6 Dinitro-o-cresol
			Acenaphunene	니		ш	Transcichloroethylene	믜			4,6 Dillid 0-0-cresor
		$\Box$	Acrolein		$\boxtimes$		2,4 Dichlorophenol				N-Nitrosodimethylameine
		H	Acrylonitrile	H	X	H	1,2 Dichloropropane	-	Ħ	H	N nitrosodiphenylamine
H		Ħ	Benzene	Ħ			1,2 Dichloropropylene	H	X	<u> </u>	N nitrosodinpropylamine
<b>-</b>		Ħ	Benzidine		Ø		2,4 Dimethylphenol	Ħ	ă	<u> </u>	Pentachlorophenol
H		H	Carbon Tetra	H	$\boxtimes$		2,4 Dinitrotoluene	H	X	$\exists$	Phenol
			chlorine				2, i Dillicioloidene				riichoi
	$\boxtimes$		Chlorobenzene				2,6 Dinitrotoluene		$\boxtimes$		Bis Phthalate
m	$\boxtimes$	Ħ	1,2,4	$\overline{\Box}$	$\boxtimes$	$\overline{\sqcap}$	1,2 Diphenylhydrazine	m		$\overline{\Box}$	Butylbenzyl Phthalate
			Trichlorobenzene						_		
	$\boxtimes$		Hexachlorobenze ne		$\boxtimes$		Ethyl benzene		$\boxtimes$		Di-n-butyl Phthalate
	$\boxtimes$		1,2		$\boxtimes$		Flouroanthene		$\boxtimes$		Di-n-octyl Phthalate
			Dichloroethane								
	$\boxtimes$		1,1,1		$\boxtimes$		4-Chlorophenyl		$\boxtimes$		Diethyl Phthalate
			Trichlorethane				Phenyl Ether				
	$\boxtimes$		Hechloroethane		$\square$		4-Bromophenyl ether		$\boxtimes$		Dimethyl Phthalate
		$\sqcup$	1, 1	$  \sqcup$	$\boxtimes$		Bis (2-		$\boxtimes$		1,2 Benzanthracene
			dichlorethane				Chloroisopropy) Ether	_			
	$\boxtimes$		1,1,2	$ \sqcup$			Methylene Chloride		$\boxtimes$		Benzo Pyrene
_	5-7		Trichloroethane	<del> </del>	67				F-7		
	$\boxtimes$	Ш	1,1,2,2,	$  \sqcup$	$\boxtimes$		Methyl Chloride	╽⊔			3,4 Benzofluoranthene
			Tetrachloroethan								
[			e Chlanathana		<b>K</b> Z		Mathella	_			44.42
H			Chloroethane	片片		<del>                                     </del>	Methyl Bromide	┞╠┤	$\boxtimes$	H	11,12 benzofluoranthene
			Bis(Chloromethyl ) Ether	╵┖			Bromoform				Chrysene
	$\boxtimes$		Bis(2-		$\boxtimes$		Dichlorobromomethan	$\vdash$			Acenaphthylene
			Chloroethyl)				e	╵┖			Acenaphthylene
			ether								
	$\boxtimes$		2,Chloroethyl	$\Box$			Trichlorofluoromethan	$\vdash \sqcap$			Anthracene
			Vinyl Ether Mixed	_		_	е	-			
	$\boxtimes$		2-		$\boxtimes$		Dichlorodifluorometha		$\boxtimes$		1,1,2 Benzoperylene
			Chloronaphthalen				ne				
			e								
	$\boxtimes$		2,4,6,-		$\boxtimes$		Chlorodibromomethan				Fluorene
			Trichlorophenol	<u> </u>			e	<u> </u>	L_		
$  \sqcup$	$\boxtimes$		Parachlorometa	$  \sqcup$		🗀	Hexachlorobutadiene				Phenanthrene
()	52		Cresol		K 2			<del>-</del> _			
	$\boxtimes$		Chloroform	$  \sqcup$	$\boxtimes$		Hexachlorocyclopenta		$\boxtimes$		Pyrene
			2-Chlorophenol	$\vdash$			diene	-		<del> </del>	Talvana
片			1,2	╁		<del>                                     </del>	Isophorone Naphthalene	ㅐ			Toluene
٦			Dichlorobezene	"			тарпинанене	لسا			Tetrachloroethylene
	$\boxtimes$		1,3				Nitrobenzene	$+\Box$			trichloroethylene
	لاست		Dichlorobezene	"							a landrocarylene
			1,4				2 Nitro phenol	$\dagger \sqcap$			Vinyl Chloride
_		_	Dichlorobenzene			-	Principle Principle		<u>د</u> ا		,
			3,3,				4 nitro phenol	$\dagger \sqcap$			Aldrin
			Dichlorobenzidine								
	$\boxtimes$		1,1				2,4 Dinitrophenol				Dieldrin
			Dichloroethylene								
Υ	N	Not		TV	N.I	Not		T.V	B.1	Not	
e	0	sur		Y e	N o	Not Sure		Y	N	Not	
		Jui			$\perp$	Jule	<u></u>	e	0	Sure	

A-3d

s e		S			S		
	1,2,5,6 Dibenznthracene		$\boxtimes$	Endosulfan Sulfate			PCB-1242
	Indeno Pyrene		$\boxtimes$	Endrin			PCB-1254
	Chlordane		$\boxtimes$	Endrin Aldehyde		$\boxtimes$	PCB-1221
	4,4 DDT		$\boxtimes$	Heptachlor		$\boxtimes$	PCB-1232
	4,4 JDE		$\boxtimes$	Heptachlor Epoxide			PCB-1248
	4,4 DDD		$\boxtimes$	Alpha- BHC			PCB-1260
	Alphaendosulfan		$\boxtimes$	Beta-BHC		$\boxtimes$	PCB-1012
	Beta endosulfan		$\boxtimes$	Gamma-BHC			Toxaphene
	Beryllium		$\boxtimes$	Detta-BHC		$\boxtimes$	Antimony
	Cadmium			Copper			Arsenic
	Chromium		$\boxtimes$	Cyanide			Asbestos
	Lead		$\boxtimes$	Mercury			Nickel
	Selenium		$\boxtimes$	Silver			Thallium
	Zinc		$\boxtimes$	2,3,7,8		$\boxtimes$	Xylenes
				Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-			
				diozin			
	Alkyl Eposides						

A-3e

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1150 Conway, AR 72033											
3 - Salet 1975 - S											
Conway, AR 72033											
Primary Contact: David Yarberry											
	Environmental Engineer										
elephone: 501-327-6800											
Fax: 501-327-5091											
Title: Engineering Manager											
Telephone: 501-327-6800 ext 271  Comments:											
Confidents.											
Process Information											
SIC Code(s): 2296											
Raw Materials:											
High carbon steel wire rod											
Process Description:											
See attached description sheet.											
?roducts:											
Brass plated steel tire cord											
Operations Information											
1st Shift (12 hr) 2nd Shift (12 hr)	hr) 3rd Shift (E shift)										
Number Of Employees: (Avg.) 160 120	40										
Working Hours: $7 \text{ am} - 7 \text{ pm}$ $7 \text{ pm} - 7 \text{ am}$	8 am – 5 pm										
Hours/Day: 12 12	8										
Days/Week: 3 or 4 3 or 4	5										
Water Source & Usage											
Source: Volume (GPD): Usage:	Volume (GPD):										
City: Process:	300,000										
Other: Consumed in	Product: 0										
Total: Total:											
List all water account number(s): 093000021											
Process:	300,000										

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.ist wastewater account number(s):	Consu	med in Product:	0			
If applicable.						
Process Was	ste-Stre	ams				
Source Description:		Volume (GPD):	Code Type: *			
Process Water		300,000	CD			
Boiler Water		25,000	CD _			
Sanitary Sewage		15,000	CD			
Cooling Water						
CD: Continuous Discharge OD: Other Disposal (Not sewer.	) B	D: Batch Discharge	ND: Not Discharged			
* Additional Categorical Waste-Stream Types:		·				
RCW: Regulated Categorical Waste-Stream NRCW: Non-Categorical Waste-Stream						
ARCW: Ancillary Regulated Categorical Waste-Stream	D	CW: Diluted Categorical	Waste-Stream			

Sketch process waste-stream(s) connections to the City's sewer system or attach copies of drawing(s) to report.

See Attached.

Production was up last year so slightly more water usage Started to send spent sulfuric acid out as beneficial use Using alfa omega out of texas

A-4c

	Industrial User Permit					
Do		e facility have a copy of it's current Industrial User permit on file and available for ection?	⊠ Yes,	□No		
		General Conditions				
1.	Is th	ne Permittee in compliance with all conditions of it's' permit?	⊠ Yes,	□No		
	If no, list any administrative action, or enforcement proceedings including civil or criminal penalties, injunctive relief, or summary abatement resulting from noncompliance with the Industrial User's permit.					
	If ye	s, skip next question.				
2.	to n	re Permittee is in noncompliance of its' permit, is the Permittee taking all reasonable steps in inimize or correct any adverse impact to the public treatment plant or the environment alting from noncompliance including accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to ermine the nature and impact of the non-complying discharge?	Yes,	□No		
	If y	es, detail the steps taken or if no, explain inaction.				
1.		the Industrial User's permit been modified for good causes since the permit was granted?	☐ Yes,	⊠ No		
_	IJ Y	es, list causes and modifications.				
2.		the Industrial User's permit been assigned or transferred to a new owner and/or operator the the permit was issued?	□ Yes.	⊠ No		
	Ify	es, list new owner and/or operator and give date assigned or transferred.		Z 110		
. 3.	Has	the Permittee increased or decreased the use of potable or process water?	⊠ Yes.	□ No,		
		es, explain. Slight decrease b/c course drawing has changed to non contact cooling		Applicable		
		Increased water use.   Decreased water use.		· · · pp··········		
-		General Permit Standards				
Is	the Ir	ndustrial User discharging wastewater to the sewer system;				
	a)	Having a temperature higher than 104 degrees F (40 degrees C),		☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	b)	Containing more than 100 PPM by weight of fats, oils, and grease,		☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	c)	Containing any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil or other flammable or explosive liquids, or gases; or pollutants with a closed cup flash-point of less than one hundred forty (140) deg Fahrenheit (60 degrees C), or pollutants which cause an exceedance of 10 percent of the Lov Explosive Limit (LEL) at any point within the POTW,	rees	☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	d)	Containing any garbage that has not been ground by house hold type or other suitable garbag grinders,	ge	☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	e)	Containing any ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, p wood, paunch, manure, or other solids or viscous substances capable of causing obstructions other interference's with proper operation of the sewer system,		☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	f)	Having a pH lower than 5.0 or higher than 12.0, or having any other corrosive property capa causing damage or hazards to structures, equipment or personnel of the sewer system,	able of	☐ Yes, ⊠ No		
	g)	Containing toxic or poisonous substances, such as wastes containing cyanide, chromium, camercury, copper, and nickel ions, in sufficient quantity to injure or interfere with any wastes		☐ Yes, ⊠No		
Pag	e 4 o	A-4=				

	treatment process, to constitute hazards to human or animals, or to create any hazard in waters which receive treated effluent from the sewer system treatment plant,	S		
	h) Containing noxious or malodorous gases or substances capable of creating a public nuisance; including pollutants which may result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes;		☐ Yes, ▷	☑ No
	Containing solids of such character and quantity that special and unusual attention is required for	their	☐ Yes, [	No
	handling,  Containing any substance which may affect the treatment plant's effluent and cause violation of the  NPDES permit requirements,	ne	☐ Yes, [	☑ No
	Containing any substances which would cause the treatment plant to be in noncompliance with sluces, recycle or disposal criteria pursuant to guidelines of regulations developed under section the Federal Act, the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Cont	405 of	☐ Yes, ▷	⊠ No
	or other regulations or criteria for sludge management and disposal as required by the State, Containing color which is not removed in the treatment process, Containing any medical or infectious wastes, Containing any radioactive wastes or isotopes, or Containing any pollutant, including BOD pollutants, released at a flow rate and/or concentration, would cause interference with the treatment plant?	which	☐ Yes, ☐ Yes, ☐ Yes, ☐ Yes, ☐ Yes, ☐	No No
	Pollution Controls	<u> </u>		
Doe	es the Industrial User operate a pretreatment plant, equipment, or otherwise pre-treat its' wastewater prior to discharge to the City's sewer system?	X Yes,	☐ No	
sch	If yes, list equipment utilized and/or describe treatment process. Attach copies of any available sematics.	system dr	awings or	
	If no, skip section.	_		
1.	Number of pretreatment operators on staff:	5 traine	d operators	
2.	Do operators hold State of Arkansas Waste Water Treatment Operator Licenses?	Yes	, 🛛 No	
3.	If so, list number of employees having each classification of license:			
	Class II: Class III: Class III:	Class I	V:	
4.	If the facility's pretreatment plant has been evaluated and rated by the State, list the plant's class Class III, etc.): n/a	ification (	(Class I, Cla	ass II,
	Bypass Of Treatment Facilities			
1.	Has the Permittee bypassed treatment facilities?	⊠ Yes	, 🗌 No	
	If yes, detail below.	☐ Not	Applicable	;
	If no, or not applicable, skip section.			
2.	Is bypass unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage or no feasible alternatives exit?	Yes	, 🛭 No	
3.	Is bypass for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation, which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded?	☐ Yes	, 🛭 No	
4.	Did the Permittee notify Conway Corporation of any anticipated bypass by written notice, at least ten days before the date of the bypass?	Yes	s, 🛭 No	
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` 5. 	Did the Permittee immediately notify the Control Authority of any unanticipated bypass and submit a written notice to the POTW within 5 (five) days? No follow up needed	⊠ Yes, □ No
6.	Did written notice of an unanticipated bypass specify;	
	a) A description of the bypass, and its cause, including its duration,	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	b) Whether the bypass has been corrected,	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	The steps being taken or to be taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent a reoccurrence of the bypass?	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	Facility Activity Reduction Requirements	
1.	Is the Permittee's treatment facility experiencing any reduction of efficiency of operation, or loss or failure of all or part of the treatment facility? New polymer additions is increasing pretreatment efficiency	☐ Yes, ⊠No
	If yes, detail below. If no, or not applicable, skip section.	Not Applicable
2.	Is the Permittee attempting to control its production or discharges (or both) until operation of the treatment facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided?	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	Removed Substances	
1.	Is the Permittee disposing of solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters in accordance with section 405 of the Clean Water Act and Subtitles C and D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act?	⊠ Yes, □ No
	If yes, list wastes, disposal methods, contractor, etc.	☐ Not Applicable
	If no, explain. Sludge back to delisted and taken to Two pines landfill	
2.	Is the Permittee complying with any additional local and State standards including such standards or requirements that may be come effective during the term of this permit?	Yes, No
	If yes, list additional standards. If no, explain.	☐ Not Applicable
	Process Control Laboratory	
Do	oes the Permittee operate its' own laboratory for pretreatment process controls?	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	If yes, list parameters analyzed and any additional comments. If no, skip section.	
2.	Is the process control laboratory certified by the State of Arkansas?	☐ Yes, ☒ No
3.	Are laboratory technician(s) certified in wastewater analysis?	☐ Yes, ⊠ No
	Representative Sampling	
Is	all equipment used for sampling and analysis routinely calibrated, inspected and maintained to ensure their accuracy and verified by records of maintenance or calibration?	⊠ Yes, □ No
	If yes, list equipment used by the Permittee for sampling and/or analysis and any additional comments. Replacement of Water Meter in December will calibrate this at this time	☐ Not Applicable
	If no, detail deficiencies.	

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	Not applicable, if no maustrial Oser sampling and analysis equipment is used.		
2.	Has Control Authority been notified and has Control Authority approved the changing of sampling points?	any Yes	, 🗌 No
		⊠ Not	Applicable
	Flow Measurement		
1.	Does the Permittee utilize a wastewater flow meter(s) or water meter(s) for flow determination?  If wastewater meter, list type(s) used and complete section.	Wastewater	
	If water meter used, skip section.	Water Meter	(s) 
2.	Are appropriate flow measurement devices installed, calibrated and maintained to ensure the accuracy of the measurements are consistent with the accepted capability of the type device being used, including records of verification of maintenance and calibration?	of _	s, 🗌 No
3.	Are devices selected capable of measuring flows with a maximum deviation of less than percent from true discharge rates throughout the range of expected discharge volumes?		, 🗌 No
	Monitoring Procedures		
	Not applicable if no discharge and self monitoring requirements suspended; skip section		Not Applicable
1.	Is the Permittee monitoring outfall(s) for the required parameters?		Yes, No
Ar	re all parameters being sampled at the designated sampling point(s)?		Yes, No
3.	Are any pollutants monitored more frequently than required by the Industrial User's perm	nit?	Yes, No
4.	If any pollutants were monitored more frequently than required, were test procedures pre CFR Part 136 and amendments thereto, or as otherwise approved by the EPA or as speci Industrial User's permit, used?		Yes, No Not Applicable
5.	Is all sampling conducted for the purposes of self monitoring being performed by a certifindependent laboratory acceptable to the Control Authority, or has a permit variance been the Industrial User to perform its' own sampling?		Yes, No
	Sampling performed by:	ndustrial User	
6.	Are all laboratory analyses conducted for the purposes of self monitoring being performindependent laboratory or laboratories acceptable to the Control Authority?	ed by a certified	Yes, No
	Name of independent laboratory or laboratories used:		
Re	eview laboratory analysis reports, monthly self monitoring reports, and any chain of custoe	dy records or san	npling event records
1.	a) The date, exact place, time, and methods of sampling or measurement, and preserva	ntion techniques	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	or procedures, b) Who performed the sampling or measurements		☐ Yes, ☐ No
	c) The date(s) analyses were performed,		Yes, No
	d) Who performed the analyses,		Yes, No
8	e) The analytical techniques or methods used,		☐ Yes, ☐ No

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f) The results of s	ruch analyses?			☐ Yes, ☐ No
Correct sample t Correct sample f In accordance		$\Box$ $C$	orrect handling and pres orrect laboratory analys	-
		Automatic Re-sampling	J	
	he Permittee's self monitor ermit had occurred?	ing wastewater analysis inc	licate a violation of the	Yes, No
	lation separately. If no or i no discharge and self monit	•		☑ Not Applicable
Date of violation:	Notified the City within 24 hours?	Repeated pollutant sampling and analysis?	Submitted re-sample results?	Results submitted within 30 days?
	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	☐ Yes, ☐ No	Yes, No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
		Accidental Discharge Re	port	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
any slug loads or s	e any occurrence of an accide spills that may enter the public. If no, skip section.		ces prohibited by or	☐ Yes, ⊠ No
2. Did the Permittee	immediately notify the Cor	ntrol Authority upon the oc	currence?	Yes, No
	s notification include locat oncentration and volume, a			Yes, No
4. Did the Permittee following the acci	submit to the Control Auth dental discharge?	ority a detailed written rep	ort within seven days	Yes, No
the cause thereof,	tain a description and cause and the impact on the Perm ype, concentration and volu	nittee's compliance status, i		Yes, No
	tain the duration of noncord, if the noncompliance is ed to occur?			☐ Yes, ☐ No
	ntain all steps taken or to be n an upset, slug load, accide			Yes, No
	<del></del>			

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	Operating Upset Report						
1.	. Did the Permittee experience any upset in operate state of noncompliance with the provisions of eigenvalues.	4		☐ Yes, ⊠ No			
	If yes, detail below. If no, skip section.						
2.	. Did the Permittee inform the Control Authority	within 24 hours (	of becoming aware of the upset?	Yes, No			
3.	. Did the Permittee file a written follow-up report (five) days? Did the report contain a description			Yes, No			
4.	. Did the report contain the duration of noncompl noncompliance and, if not corrected, the anticip continue, and steps taken to reduce or eliminate	ated time the nor	acompliance is expected to	☐ Yes, ☐ No			
	Special Monitoring And Reporting Requirements						
1.	<ol> <li>Does the Permittee have any additional or special monitoring requirements particular to this         Industrial User?     </li> </ol>						
	If yes, attach copy of pertinent page of the indus	trial user's perm	it. If no, skip section.				
	Сотр	liance Schedule	Requirements				
1.	<ol> <li>Was the Industrial User under a compliance schedule with the City?</li></ol>						
2.							
	1st Quarter 2nd Quarte	er	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter			
	☐ Yes, ☐ No ☐ Yes, ☐	No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No			
		Records Ret	ention				
1.	1. Is the Permittee retaining records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by user's permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application?						
2.	<ol> <li>Are all records that pertain to matters that are the enforcement action or litigation activities brough preserved by the Permittee until all enforcement limitation with respect to any and all appeals have</li> </ol>	t activities have	ol Authority being retained and				
		Planned Facility	y Changes				

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			The second secon			
1.	Has the Permittee had any facility expansion, production which results in new or substantially increased discharge		⊠ Yes, □ No			
	discharge? Looking at sending sulfuric acid away as spe with water spray on final dye that would eliminate 30k-5	nt waste and looking at doing away	☐ Not Applicable			
	If not applicable, skip next question.					
2.	Did the Permittee give notice to the Control Authority 90 changes?	days prior to the above planned	Yes, No			
			Not Applicable			
3.	Has the Permittee given advance notice to the Control Appermitted facility or activity, which may result in noncon		Yes, No			
	permit requirements?	•	Not Applicable			
	Signator	ry Requirements				
1.	Do all applications, reports, or information submitted to appropriate signature as required in the Wastewater Conf	⊠ Yes, □ No				
	Cost Recoveries And Penalties					
I.	Has the Permittee been liable and billed for costs incurre replacement work caused by any violation or discharge t	☐ Yes, ⊠No				
	damage to or otherwise inhibited the Control Authority	2 1 /	☐ Not Applicable			
_	Facility	Site Inspection				
	Spil	l Prevention				
1.	Does the facility have a spill prevention plan?		⊠ Yes, □No			
	If no, skip next question.					
2.	Is a copy of the spill prevention plan on file with the Con	ntrol Authority?	☐ Yes, ☐ No			
	SI	ug Control				
1.	Were the Industrial User's slug control and prevention n	neasures evaluated?	☐ Yes, ☒ No			
2.	Are adequate precautions being taken and proper proced spills and slug loads?	lures followed to prevent accidental	☐ Yes, ☐ No			
	Chemical and H	lazardous Waste Storage				
Cł	nemical Type Or Product Name:	Maximum Amount Stored:	Proximity To Floor Drains: (In feet.)			
Se	e previous inspection.					
	Pollution Controls					

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1.		ne Permittee at all times properly operating and maintaining all facilities and systems of atment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the Permittee to	⊠ Yes, □ No
		ieve compliance with it's permit?	☐ Not Applicable
	Not	applicable if no pretreatment equipment, skip section.	
2.	Do	es the Permittee's proper operation and maintenance include;	
	a)	Effective performance;	Yes, □ No
	b)	Adequate funding;	Yes, □ No
	c)	Adequate operator staffing and training;	∑ Yes,  ☐ No
	d)	Adequate laboratory and process controls?	☐ Yes, ☐ No n/a
3.	Do	es the Permittee have proper records of operation and maintenance of pretreatment	
	eqı	nipment?	∑ Yes,       ☐ No
		Manufacturing Facilities	
1.	We	ere manufacturing or production facilities inspected?	⊠ Yes, ☐ No
	No	t applicable if no manufacturing or production facilities.	☐ Not Applicable
		Pretreatment Facilities	
W	ere p	retreatment facilities inspected?	☐ Yes, ☐ No
	No	ot applicable if no pretreatment equipment.	☐Not Applicable
		Entry And Inspection	
Н		e Permittee allowed the Control Authority or an authorized representative upon the presentation	n of credentials and other
	do a)	cuments as may be required by law to;  Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or	⊠ Yes, □ No
	u)	conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of user's permit,	<b>2</b> 100, <b>1</b> 110
	b)	Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control	⊠ Yes, ☐ No
		equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under user's permit,	My Du
; ;	d)	Sample or monitor, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance, any substances or parameters at any location; and	⊠Yes, □ No
	e)	Inspect any production, manufacturing, fabricating, or storage area where pollutants, regulated under user's permit, could originate, be stored, or be discharged to the sewer system?	⊠ Yes, □ No
1			

Attachment A-5

	neet for Industry Specific Information					
A1	Company Name, Facility Address, Telephone	A2	Company Name, Mailing Address			
	Tokusen USA, Inc.		Tokusen USA, Inc.			
	1500 Amity Road		1500 Amity Road			
	Conway, AR 72032	and the appropriate in the second	Conway, AR 72032			
B1	Primary Contact Name, Title, Telephone, Fax,	_ Email				
	David Yarberry					
	Environmental engineer					
	501-329-6800 office 501-470-8802 Cell 501-327-0231					
	dyarberry@tokusenusa.com					
B2	Secondary Contact Name, Title, Telephone, Fax, Email					
	Jim McNeal					
	Engineer					
	501-329-6800 Office					
C1	Company Owner	C2	Company Operator			
	Tokusen USA, Inc.		Tokusen USA, Inc.			
D1	SIC Codes and Description	D2	Categorical Determination			
	2296-Tire cords and fabrics		CIU: 40 CFR 433			
			SIU: CIU and metals potential			
			New source determination date:			
D3	Description of Operations	D4	Production Data			
	Brass Plating of Tire Cord-					
	Drawing of tire cord, acid washing,					
	then brass plating	į				
	Daniel of O. A. A. A. S. Allikins	D.C.	Danish's a fasher DMD's			
D5	Description of Pretreatment Facilities	D6	Description of other BMP's  Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and			
	Collection/equalization, chemical		Spill Prevention Control and			
	precipitation, clarification, pH		Countermeasures Plan			
	adjustment, and sludge dewatering		Countermeasures Plan			
		1				

Daily Max   .11   2.770   3.38   1.2   .69   3.980   .43   2.610   2.13	Monthly Avg .015 1.00 2.07 .65 .43 2.38 .24 1.480	E2	Parameter Hg Temperature BOD TSS O&G pH		.500 140 F 250* 250* 100* 5-12	neous Max
.11 2.770 3.38 1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610	.015 1.00 2.07 .65 .43 2.38		Hg Temperature BOD TSS O&G		.500 140 F 250* 250* 100*	neous Max
.11 2.770 3.38 1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610	.015 1.00 2.07 .65 .43 2.38		Hg Temperature BOD TSS O&G		.500 140 F 250* 250* 100*	neous Max
2.770 3.38 1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610	1.00 2.07 .65 .43 2.38		Temperature BOD TSS O&G		140 F 250* 250* 100*	
3.38 1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610	2.07 .65 .43 2.38 .24		BOD TSS O&G		250* 250* 100*	
1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610	.65 .43 2.38 .24		TSS O&G		250* 100*	
.69 3.980 .43 2.610	.43 2.38 .24		O&G		100*	
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	11 2.770 3.38 1.2 .69 3.980 .43 2.610 2.13	Daily Max   Monthly Avg   .11   .015   .2.770   1.00   3.38   2.07   1.2   .65   .69   .43   3.980   2.38   .43   .24   2.610   1.480   2.13   250*   250*   100*	Refer         Daily Max         Monthly Avg         Freq           .11         .015         1/M           2.770         1.00         1/M           3.38         2.07         1/M           1.2         .65         1/Y           .69         .43         1/M           3.980         2.38         1/M           .43         .24         1/M           2.610         1.480         1/M           2.13         2/Y           250*         1/Y           100*         1/Y           5-12         1/M	Refer         Daily Max         Monthly Avg         Freq         Sample Type           .11         .015         1/M         24 hr comp           2.770         1.00         1/M         24 hr comp           3.38         2.07         1/M         24 hr comp           1.2         .65         1/Y         Grab           .69         .43         1/M         24 hr comp           3.980         2.38         1/M         24 hr comp           .43         .24         1/M         24 hr comp           2.610         1.480         1/M         24 hr comp           2.13         250*         1/Y         24 hr comp           250*         1/Y         24 hr comp           100*         1/Y         Grab           5-12         1/M         Grab	Refer         Daily Max         Monthly Avg         Freq         Sample Type         Daily Min           .11         .015         1/M         24 hr comp         2.770         1.00         1/M         24 hr comp         250*         1/M         24 hr comp         24 hr comp         250*         1/Y         24 hr comp         24 hr comp         250*         1/Y         24 hr comp         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*         250*	Daily Max   Monthly Avg   Freq   Sample Type   Daily Max

E6	Discharge Locations- location designation, description of discharge, specific location, and sample location
	Pretreatment is located at the northeast corner of the complex. It receives all process water and discharges it to collection system after treatment
E7	Permit Limitations
E8	Monitoring Requirements
E9	Reporting Requirements
E10	Standard Conditions
E11	Special Requirements
E12	Attachments
E13	Permit
	Permit #17
Public	y Owned Treatment Works (POTW) Specific Information
A1	Name, Address of POTW, Receiving Stream
	Stone Dam POTW, Sturgis Road, Stone Dam Creek
B1	Industrial Pretreatment Contact
	Trey Lieblong

## RECEIVED TO

#### TOKUSEN PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Tokusen USA, Inc. owns and operates a steel tire cord manufacturing facility. These cords are used for reinforcement of vehicle tires. The operating process for the facility is described below.

#### **Pickling**

Raw wire rod material is brought to Tokusen by truck, and is staged for processing in the Rod Warehouse. As required by production schedules, the coils of rod are cleaned in a hydrochloric acid solution, and coated with a bonderite process for surface preservation and lubrication. Two wet scrubbers, designated HP-1 and HP-2, collect and clean vapors from all tanks in the pickling process, and discharge to the atmosphere as emission point source.

#### Coarse Drawing

The cleaned rod is reduced in diameter by a cold-forming process, which draws the rod through progressively smaller dies to produce an intermediate material of a specified diameter. To facilitate the drawing process, a dry powdered lubricant is applied to the wire as it passes through each die. A vacuum filter system provides individual vacuum connections to collect dust at each dies station. The collected material is discharged through baghouse filters.

#### **Patenting**

A heat transfer treatment process is required to restore the malleability of the cold drawn wire, and make it suitable for further drawing. Multiple lines of wire are pulled through a furnace to soften the wire prior to quenching. Each furnace burns natural gas, and recovers waste heat via a recuperator. The natural gas combustion products are discharged to the atmosphere as emission sources.

A controlled cooling process follows the furnaces called a fluidized sand bed. This unit controls the cooling temperature of the wire with a natural gas heated volume of zircon sand. The sand is "fluidized" by the injection of high volumes of air. At the same time, natural gas burners maintain the sand temperature. The combined discharge of the air injection and the natural gas combustion is filtered by a mechanical screen filter, SN-09, for particulate removal.

#### **Brass Plating**

The final process in the Base Mill operation is electroplating the wire with a layer of brass. The plating process is conventional electroplating including sulfuric acid cleaner, rinse, sodium hydroxide etch, rinse, alkaline copper plating, rinse, acid zinc plating, rinse, electric diffusion, acid finisher, rinse, and vacuum dryer.

The plating lines are divided into zones for vapor control. Six wet scrubbers remove emissions from the plating lines. The scrubbers are continuously overflowed with water. The water continuously flows to wastewater treatment.

#### **FINE DRAWING**

Brass Plated wire from the Base Mill is transported to the Finish Mill via forklift. The wire is loaded on the Fine Drawing machine where it is drawn through a series of dies that are submerged in a liquid lubricant. The lubricant is circulated from the central pit to each drawing machine and returned to the tank. The drawn wire filament is transported to the Stranding area.

#### **STRANDING**

The Brass Plated Filament Wire is transported from Fine Drawing to Stranding area. The wire is twisted and formed into a multi-filament cord or cable and wound onto a spool. This product is conveyed to packing where it is prepared for shipment to the customer.

#### **COOLING TOWERS**

The facility utilizes twelve (12) cooling towers for the purposes of cooling process water for reuse. Particulate emissions are generated from these towers as dissolved particles are emitted to the atmosphere with the evaporating water. These twelve towers are used as follows: five towers are used for wet drawing lubricant cooling, two are used for brass plating H2S04 cooling, two are used for fluidized sand bed cooling, and three are used for coarse drawing die block cooling. Total cooling water flow to all twelve towers is approximately 5,374 gallons per minute (gpm).

#### AREAS CONTRIBUTING WASTE WATER

There are three primary process operations which contribute rinse water to Tokusen's on-site WWTP. These are hydrochloric acid pickling, wire patenting, and brass electroplating. The individual sources of wastewater from these process operations include the following:

- Spent acid and rinse water from hydrochloric acid pickling and phosphate coating;
- Contact cooling water from course draw;
- Rinse water from preheating and cooling baths at the two wire patenting furnaces;
- Rinse water from four brass electroplating lines, including alkaline copper and acid zinc solutions, and sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, and phosphoric acid bath discharges;
- Water from two hydrochloric acid and six sulfuric acid scrubbers; and
- Blowdown waters from seven cooling towers.

Process operations which follow the electroplating lines (i.e., fine drawing and stranding) do not contribute wastewater to the WWTP. In addition, all boiler and sanitary wastewater from the facility is discharged directly to the municipal sanitary sewer system operated by Conway Corporation. A plant diagram showing the location of each process area is presented on Figure 2.

	Equipment Descriptions and Operating Ranges HP and CD						
		Tokusen USA, Inc., Conway, Arl	kansas				
	Equipment	Description	Operating Range of Process Equipment Contributing to WWTP				
1.	HCl Pickling	Non-contact steam heated bath. Wire contacted with HCl. Some HCl carried on wire, some evaporated to scrubber.	Periodic discharge to holding tank in WWTP (approximately 9,000 gals. every 21 days). Minimal contribution to WWTP (<100 gals. per month); remaining volume shipped off-site as spent FeC12 solution.				
2.	Water Rinse	Used to rinse HCl from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 12,000 gpd				
3.	Zinc Phosphate	Heated Zinc Phosphate solution deposits crystalline coating from wire. Some carried on wire, some evaporated to scrubber.	No discharge				
4.	Water Rinse	Used to rinse Zinc Phosphate from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 12,000 gpd				
5.	Neutralizer	Heated Sodium Nitrite solution neutralizes acidic zinc phosphate.	No discharge				
6.	Scrubbers (2)	Used to scrub vapors evaporated from HCl and ZnPO <sub>4</sub> baths.	Scrubber HP-1: 15,000gpd Scrubber HP-2: 5,000gpd				
7.	Coarse Draw Cooling Water	Used to cool the drawing dies in the coarse (first) drawing process.	CD-1 thru CD-7: ~ 7,000 gpd each machine Total = ~ 50,000 gpd				

Equipment Descriptions and Operating Ranges Plating Lines BP-1, BP-2, BP-3 ,and BP-4 Tokusen USA, Inc., Conway, Arkansas				
Equipment	Description	Operating Range of Process Equipment Contributing to WWTP		
Pre-Furnace Rinse     (2) units	Steam-heated water bath to remove CD drawing lubricant from wire.	BP-1/2 rinse: ~ 5,000 gpd BP-3/4 rinse: ~ 5,000 gpd		
<ol> <li>Post Furnace Rinse</li> <li>units</li> </ol>	City water bath to reduce heated wire to >150 deg F.	BP-1/2 rinse: ~ 7,500 gpd BP-3/4 rinse: ~ 7,500 gpd		
3. Fluidized Bed	Wire is passed through a bed of air-floated zircon sand for quenching, to set microstructure of wire.	Cooling water discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
4. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Electroclean [4 units]	Non-contact steam heated bath. Wire contact with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> . Some acid carried on wire, some evaporated to scrubber.	As-needed pumped discharge to local collection pit, and hence to holding tank at WWTP.		
5. Water Rinse [4 units]	Used to rinse H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
6. NaOH Electroclean	Ambient temperature bath. Wire contact with NaOH. Some caustic carried on wire, some evaporated to scrubber.	As-needed pumped discharge to local collection pit, and hence to holding tank at WWTP.		

Equipment Descriptions and Operating Ranges Plating Lines BP-1, BP-2, BP-3 ,and BP-4 Tokusen USA, Inc., Conway, Arkansas				
7. Water Rinse [4 units]	Used to rinse NaOH from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
8. Scrubbers [2 units]	Used to scrub acid and caustic vapors and mists from baths.	Discharge to WWTP at 15,000 gpd		
9. Copper Electroplating [4 units]	Alkaline Copper plating solution deposits metallic copper on wire.	No discharge.		
10. Scrubbers [2 units]	Used to scrub copper solution, vapors and mists from baths.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
11. Water Rinse [4 units]	Used to rinse copper solution from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
12. Zinc Electroplating [4 units]	Acid Zinc plating solution deposits metallic zinc on wire.	No discharge		
13. Scrubbers [2 units]	Used to scrub zinc and acid vapors and mists from baths.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
14. Water Rinse [4 units]	Used to rinse zinc solution from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		
15. Phosphoric Acid Rinse [4 units]	Used to remove diffusion scale from wire.	Discharge to WWTP at 20,000 gpd		

#### WASTE WATER TREATMENT OPERATION

Rinse water from all process sources accumulates in a main accumulation sump, and is pumped through a series of two (2) neutralization tanks for pH adjustment. The rinse water entering the WWTP is acidic in nature and is neutralized by hydrated lime and periodic, automated additions of a 50% sodium hydroxide (NaOH) (a.k.a., caustic soda) solution to maintain pH of approximately 9.5 to 10.0 standard units. The pH rise from the main sump to the neutralization tanks stimulates the precipitation of dissolved metals from the wastewater. A coagulant is added as needed to assist in the precipitation. Wastewater flows by gravity from the neutralization units to two (2) clarifiers aligned in parallel. Polymer is added to the wastewater in flocculation vessels prior to the clarifiers to aid in chaining and settling of the metal precipitant. Accumulated sludge is periodically transferred through automated valves from the bottom of the clarifier units to a sludge thickening tank. The aqueous sludge is pumped from the sludge tank through either of two (2) filter presses for dewatering to form the F006 filter cake. A diagram showing the WWTP location and operations is presented in Figures 3 and 4.

Waste acid and sodium hydroxide (i.e., caustic) from the electroplating lines are periodically batch mixed in an elementary neutralization tank located inside the WWTP. Waste plating acid is neutralized with either waste sodium hydroxide or 50% sodium hydroxide to a pH of seven. This stimulates the precipitation of dissolved metals. The resultant neutralized sludge is then pumped through either of the two filter presses, and

the aqueous filtrate is returned into the main accumulation sump. On average, two to three filter press cycles are completed in a 24-hour period. After dewatering, the F006 filter cake is transferred into a 25 cubic yard roll-off container to await transportation to Chemical Waste Management in Sulphur, Louisiana, for proper treatment and disposal. The roll-off container is filled and changed on an as needed basis, usually every four to five days.

#### WASTE WATER EQUIPMENT

	WWTP Equipment Descriptions and Operating Ranges Tokusen USA, Inc., Conway, Arkansas				
	Collection Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
1.	T-1B Main Rinse water Collection Tank	Equalization tank receives waste rinsewaters and cooling waters from Pickling, Drawing, Patenting, and Plating processes.	42,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
2.	T-1A Wastewater Receiving Sump	Receiving tank for all incoming rinse water and cooling water flow.	3,500 gallon fiberglass tank		
3.	T-2 Emergency Receiving Storage Tank	Offline storage tank to hold excess and abnormal flows for delayed treatment.	24,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
	Holding Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
4.	T-3 Hydrated Lime Storage Tank	Storage tank for dry Hydrated Lime.	1,300 cubic foot vertical cylinder steel tank.		
5.	T-201 Waste Pickling Acid Holding Tank	Holding tank for spent hydrochloric acid from pickling process.	13,500 gallon fiberglass tank		
6.	T-202 Spent Caustic Cleaner Holding Tank	Holding tank for spent caustic cleaner solution from plating.	2,000 gallon HDPE tank		
7.	T-203 Spent Sulfuric and Phosphoric Acid Holding Tank	Holding tank for spent sulfuric acid cleaner and spent phosphoric acid surface finisher solutions.	11,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
8.	T-301 Fresh Caustic Holding Tank	Holding tank for Caustic Soda reagent.	6,200 gallon HDPE tank		
	Mix/Feed Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
9.	Polymer	Flocculant Solution	Drums		
10.	T-305 Hydrated Lime Mix/Feed Tank	Mixing and Holding tank for Hydrated Lime reagent solution.	500 gallon coated steel tank		
	pH Adjustment Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
11.	T-101 Stage One pH Adjustment Tank	Mixing tank for first stage chemical treatment.	10,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
12.	T-102 Stage Two pH Adjustment Tank	Mixing tank for second stage chemical treatment.	10,000 gallon fiberglass tank		

	WWTP Equipment Descriptions and Operating Ranges Tokusen USA, Inc., Conway, Arkansas				
	Solids Removal Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
13.	T-103 A & B Flocculation and Coagulation Mixing Tanks	Two (2) baffled mixing tanks for polymer addition.	Two (2) 400 gallon steel tanks		
14.	T-104 No. 1 Clarifier	Clarifier tank for solids removal.	10,500 gallon steel tank		
15.	T-108 No. 2 Clarifier	Clarifier tank for solids removal.	10,500 gallon steel tank		
16.	T-107 Sludge Holding Tank	Collection tank for solids blowdown from clarifiers.	7,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
17.	T-109 Batch Treatment Tank	Mixing tank for neutralization of concentrated spent acids and caustic.	5,500 gallon steel tank		
	Final Pre-Treatment Tanks	Process Description	Operation Range		
18.	T-106 Final pH Adjustment Tank	Mixing tank for second stage chemical treatment.	8,000 gallon fiberglass tank		
	Dewatering Equipment	Process Description	Operating Range		
19.	No. 1 Filter Press	Dewatering process sludge.	50 Cubic Foot capacity		
20.	No. 2 Filter Press	Dewatering batch & process sludge.	30 Cubic Foot capacity		

